

# PubMed와 KoreaMed의 Retraction 레코드 처리

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이 춘 실 숙명여대, 문헌정보학 006년9월6일 KAMJE Workshop

# PubMed와 KoreaMed의 Retraction 레코드 처리

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2006년9월6일 KAMJE Workshop

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Retraction

철회 vs <u>취소</u>

취소논문 vs <u>논문 취소</u>

# PubMed의 Retraction 처리

Nature Medicine 2004 Nov;10(11): 1208-15에 발표된 논문을 Nature Medicine 2005 Jun;11(6):691에서 취소

ARTICLES

medicine

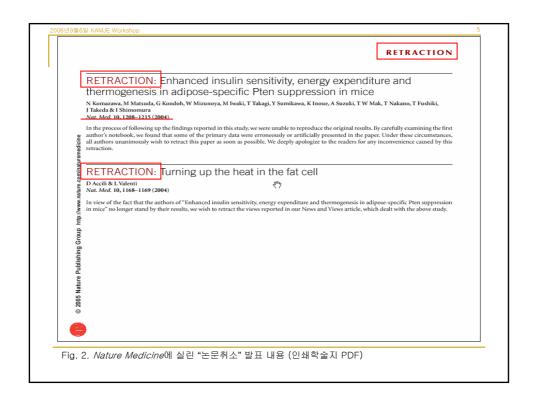
Enhanced insulin sensitivity, energy expenditure and thermogenesis in adipose-specific Pten suppression in mice

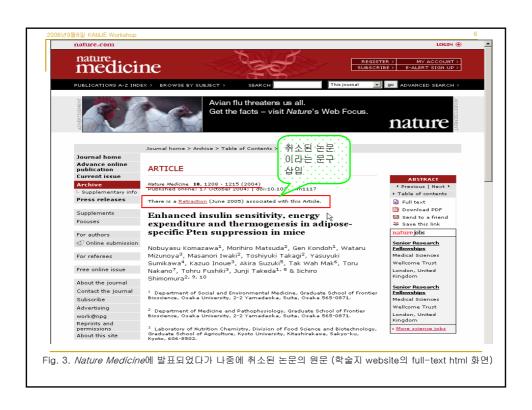
Nobuyasu Komazawa¹, Morihiro Matsuda², Gen Kondoh¹, Wataru Mizunoya³, Masanori Iwaki², Toshiyuki Takagi², Yasuyuki Sumikawa⁴, Kazuo Inoue³, Akira Suzuki³, Tak Wah Mak⁵, Toru Nakano², Tohru Fushiki³, Junji Takeda¹³, Iichiro Shimomura².9,10

Pten is an important phosphatase, suppressing the phosphatidylinositol-3 kinase/Akt pathway. Here, we generated adipose-specific Pten-deficient (AdipoPten-KO) mice, using newly generated Acdc promoter-driven Cre transgenic mice. The control of th

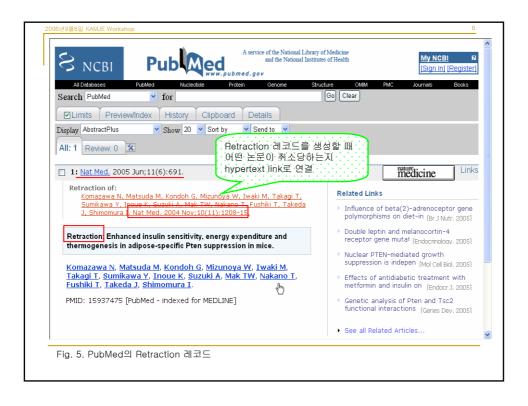
Pten (phosphatase and tensin homolog deleted on chromosome 10) is a protein and lipid phosphatase. The major substrate of Pten is phosphatidylinositod 3,45-triphosphate (PIP3), as econd-messenger molecule generated by phosphatidylinositod 3,45-triphosphate (PIP3), as econd-messenger molecule generated by phosphatidylinositod 3-kinase (PISK), which is activated in response to a variety of growth factors and insulin<sup>2</sup>, PIP3 in turn activates the serine/threonine kinase Akt (also known as protein kinase B, PKB), which acts as a downstream mediator of various metabolic effects of insulin<sup>2</sup>. In a previous study, we used generated arraget-and testis<sup>4</sup>. Furthermore, macrophages express abundant metabolic effects of insulin<sup>2</sup>. In a previous study, we used generated arraget-and testis<sup>4</sup>. Furthermore, macrophages express abundant in the development that macrophages in fat depots could be important in the development

Fig. 1. Nature Medicine에 발표되었다가 나중에 취소된 논문의 원문 (인쇄학술지 PDF)













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Yonsei Medical Journal

# Cortical Margining Capabilities of Fins Associated with Ventral Cervical Spine Instrumentation

Byung-Ho Jin, Heum-Dai Kwon, and Yong-Eun Cho

Vol. 46, No. 3, pp. 372-378, 2005

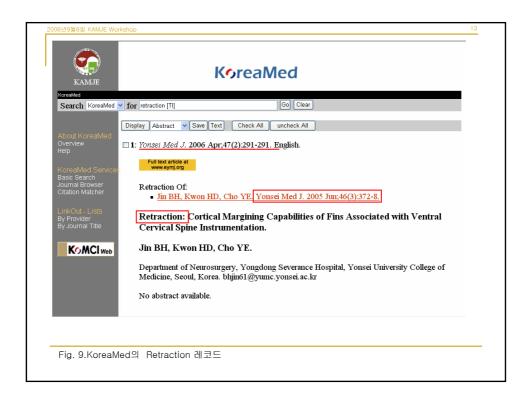
Department of Neurosurgery, Yonsei University College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea.

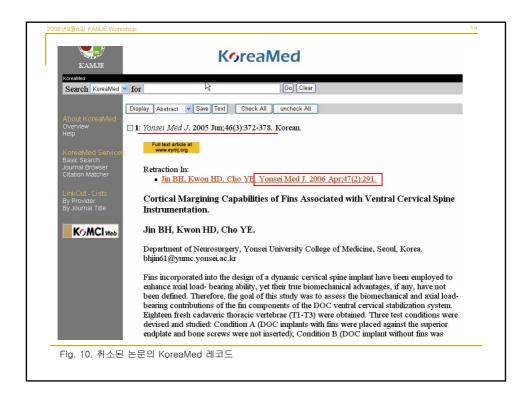
Fins incorporated into the design of a dynamic cervical spine implant have been employed to embance axial load-bearing ability, yet their true biomechanical advantages, if any, have not been defined. Therefore, the goal of this study was to assess the biomechanical and axial load-bearing contributions of the fin components of the DOC ventral cervical stabilization system. Eighteen fresh cadaveric thoracic vertebrae (T1-T3) were obtained. Three test conditions were devised and studied: Condition A (DOC implants with fins were placed against the superior endplate and bone screws were inserted); condition B (DOC implant with fins were placed and bone screws were inserted); and Condition C (DOC implant with fins were placed against the superior endplate and bone screws were inserted). Specimens were tested by ap-

and plating is a common surgical technique for treating degenerative and traumatic conditions of the cervical spine. The graft acts as an axial load-bearing strut, while providing a substructure for bony ingrowth and biological bonding and integration during the fusion proceso. An ideal ventral plating system not only minimizes the chance of strut graft extrusion, but also provides immobility and helps to maintain alignment. However, complications such as graft collapse, graft extrusion, graft subsidence with endplate fracture, pseudoarthrosis, and failure of fusion

Fig. 7. Yonsei Medical Journal 에 발표되었다가 나중에 취소된 논문의 원문 (인쇄학술지 PDF)

#### Yonsei Medical Journal Correspondence Vol. 47, No. 2, pp. 291, 2006 Retraction: Cortical Margining Capabilities of Fins Associated with Ventral Cervical Spine Instrumentation Byung-Ho Jin, Heum-Dai Kwon, and Yong-Eun Cho Department of Neurosurgery, Yongdong Severance Hospital, Yonsei University College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea. To the Editor journals by me and the co-author at the same time My original paper on the "Cortical Margining Capabilities of Fins<sup>1</sup>" has been made based on the independently. I hereby retract the paper. Jin BH, Kwon HD, Cho YE. Cortical margining capabilities of fins associated with ventral cervical spine instrumentation. Yonsei Med J 2005;46:372-8. data studied while I was working at the Cleveland Clinic Foundation as a research fellow. However, this article was submitted to two international Fig. 8. Yonsei Medical Journal 에 실린 "논문취소" 발표 내용 (인쇄학술지 PDF)









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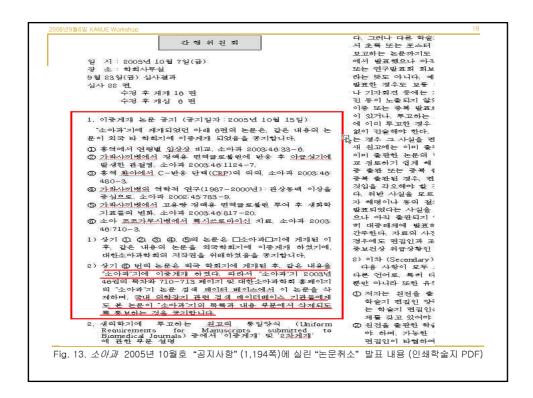
### KoreaMed의 Retraction 처리 사례

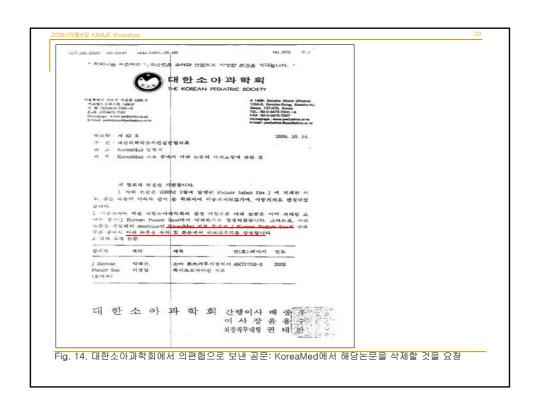
- 학술지에 Retraction을 게재한 경우
  - Retraction of Yonsei Med J. 2005 Jun;46(3):372–8
     in Yonsei Med J. 2006 Apr;47(2):291
  - Retraction of Yonsei Med J. 2004 Dec;45 (Suppl):23–27
    - In Yonsei Med J. 2004 Dec;45(6):1203
  - Retraction of J Vet Sci. 2006 Jun;7(2):167–176
     In J Vet Sci. 2006 Sep;7(3):307

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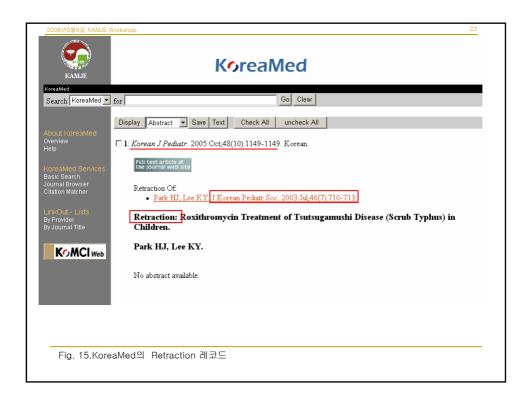
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- 논문취소 사실을 학술지에 "공지사항"으로 발표한 경우
  - □ 2005년 48권 10호 "공지사항" (1,194쪽)에 *소아과* 2003 Jul;46(7):710-713 논문을 취소한다고 발표
  - 취소된 논문의 KoreaMed 레코드 삭제 요청 (2005년 10일 14일자 공문)

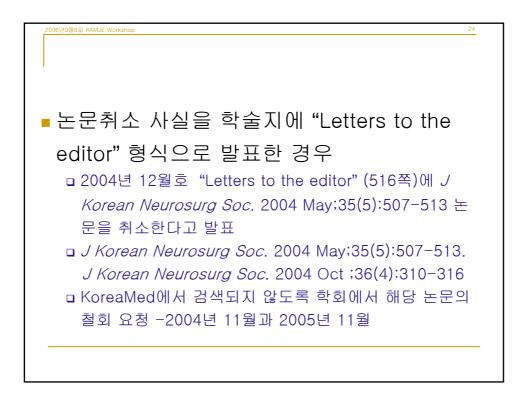


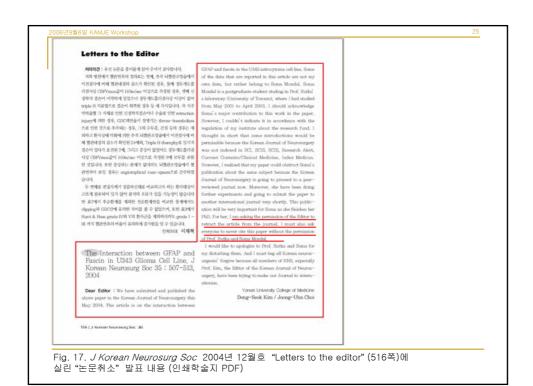


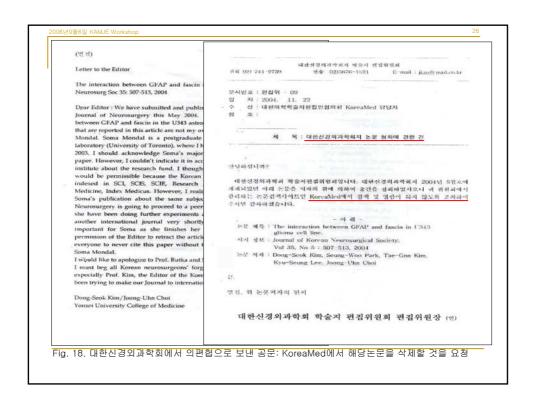
□ 학술지에 게재된 공지사항을 Retraction으로 간주하여 KoreaMed record 생성. Retraction of J Korean Pediatr Soc. 2003 Jul;46(7):710-713 in J Korean Pediatr Soc. 2005 Oct;48(10):1194











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□ 학술지에 게재된 "Letters to the editor"를 Retraction 으로 간주하여 KoreaMed record 생성.

Retraction of *J Korean Neurosurg Soc.* 2004 May;35(5):507–513

in J Korean Neurosurg Soc. 2004 Dec;36(6):516

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### 학술지의 Retraction 발표 방법 제안

#### ■ 학술지에 Retraction을 게재

- 논문 취소는 학술지의 주요 결정사항이고, 공개적으로 알려야 할 사안
- □ 논문의 형식으로 게재
- □ "공지사항"이나 "Letters to the editor"로 처리하는 것 은 바람직하지 않음

데이터베이스의 레코드 입력에 사용하지 않는 부분 소아과학회나 신경외과학회에서 공문을 보내지 않았다면, 데이터 입력 팀이 신경 쓰지 않았을 것 06년9월6일 KAMJE Workshop

#### ■ Retraction이 없는 경우

- □ KoreaMed에서 retraction을 처리할 근거가 없음
- 학술지에 Retraction 발표 절차 없이 학회의 공문을 근거로 KoreaMed에서 해당 레코드를 삭제한다면, 실제로는 데이터베이스 오류로 보이게 됨
  - 왜 그 논문이 KoreaMed에 존재하지 않는지 의문을 갖게 됨
- □ 학회가 KoreaMed로 요청할 사안이 아님 그렇다면, 다른 데이터베이스에도 요청해야 함 그래서 학술지에 retraction으로 발표하는 것이 마땅

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- "논문을 취소하는 retraction"과 "취소되는 논문"과의 관계를 명확히 제시
  - □ 학술지 website에서 취소된 논문을 삭제할 필요가 없음
    - 이미 배포된 인쇄학술지에서 취소된 논문을 일일이 삭제할 수 없는 것과 똑같은 원리
  - 도리어 학술지 website에 취소된 논문이라는 문구를 삽입해야 함
  - a Retraction과 취소된 논문과의 관계를 hypertext link로 연결

