

논문작성과 문헌검색

: 검색에 유용한 Author Keywords
& Abstracts 작성하기

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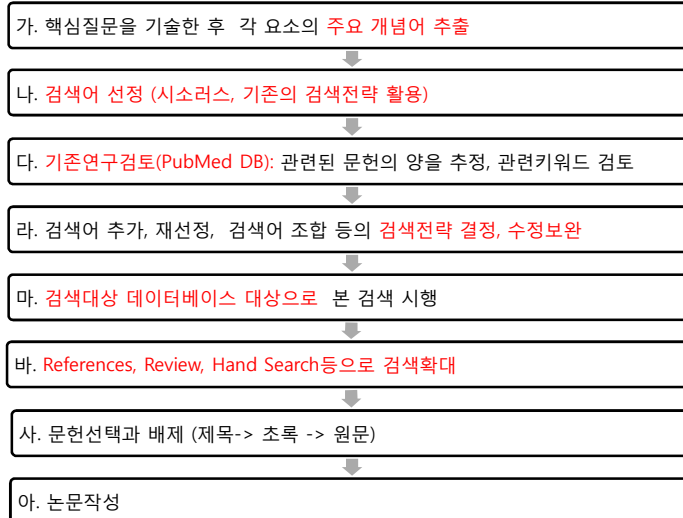
제목, 초록, 저자키워드에서 사용되는 단어의 중요성

**의학문헌 DB에서 검색이 되는
"논문작성"하기**

목차

- 문헌검색
- 검색에 유용한 Author Keywords 작성
 - Author Keywords 분석
 - 검색에 유용한 Author Keywords 작성
 - MeSH on Demend
 - MeSH 시소러스
 - Related citations in PubMed
- 검색에 유용한 Abstracts 작성

논문작성을 위한 문헌검색 과정



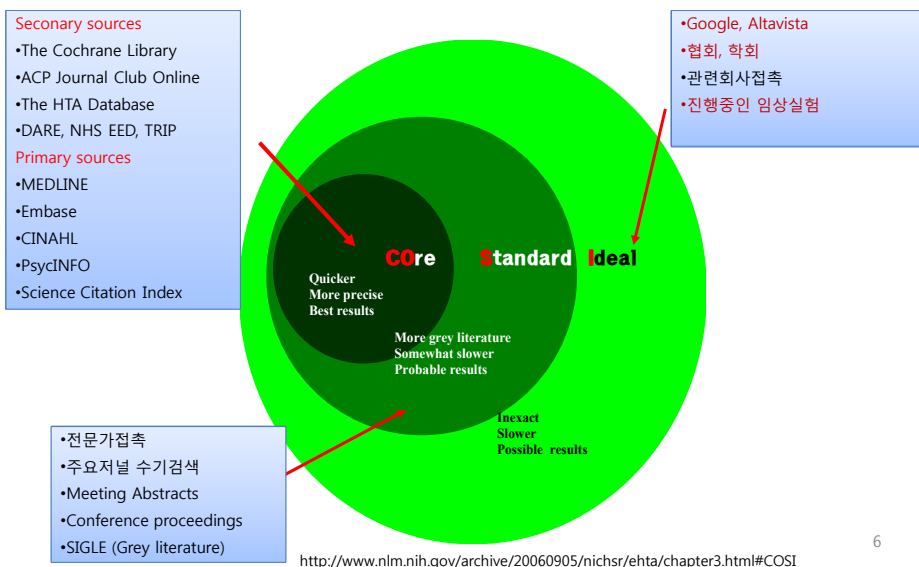
근거중심의학환경에서의 문헌검색 중요성

체계적 문헌고찰(Systematic Reviews)연구 흐름도



한국보건의료연구원. NECA 체계적 문헌고찰 매뉴얼

검색범위 설정 : NLM COSI model/ NECA 수정





- 미국국립의학도서관(NLM)의 NCBI에서 무료로 제공하고 있는 데이터베이스
- 의학, 간호학, 치의학, 수의학 등 생의학관련 초록 데이터베이스
- 1946년부터 현재까지 6,500여종, 2,300만 이상의 논문 수록 (국내의학학술지 90여종 등재 /MEDLINE 16종)

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PubMed와 MEDLINE의 차이점

- [MEDLINE](http://pubmed.gov/) is the largest component of [PubMed](http://pubmed.gov/) (<http://pubmed.gov/>), the freely accessible online database of biomedical journal citations and abstracts created by the U.S. National Library of Medicine (NLM®).
- Approximately 5,400 journals published in the United States and more than 80 other countries have been [selected](#) ([Literature Selection Technical Review Committee \(LSTRC\)](#)) and are currently indexed for MEDLINE.
- A distinctive feature of MEDLINE is that the records are indexed with NLM's controlled vocabulary, the Medical Subject Headings ([MeSH®](#)).

PubMed: NLM에서 구축한 생의학관련 저널의 초록데이터베이스
 MEDLINE: 선정위원회에 의해 선정된 저널 5,400여종
 • MeSH 색인

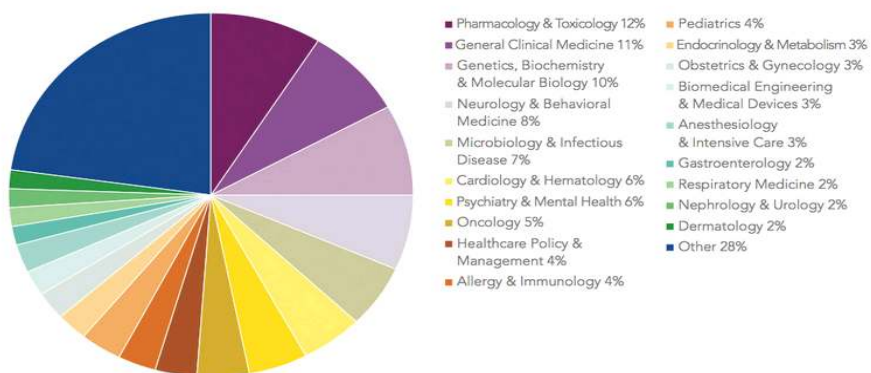
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EMBASE

- 매일 갱신되며, 매년 600,000건 이상 Data 추가
- 세계 70개국으로부터 7,000종 저널 정보제공
- 매일 update
- 통제어 : Emtree 사용
- Elsevier_EMBASE : EMBASE(1974-) + MEDLINE(1966-)
 - 두 Database간의 중복된 자료 제거 1,900만 건 이상의 자료를 동시에 검색

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EMBASE SCOPE AND CONTENT



Embase has a broad biomedical scope, with in depth coverage of pharmacology, pharmaceutical science and clinical research. Basic biomedical science, veterinary science and extensive allied health topics are also included.

SUMMARY DATA:

- 30 core pharmacology and clinical topics* represent over 70% of Embase content (over 5,000 journal titles)
- With a total content exceeding 7,500 journal titles, Embase covers over 60 topic areas
- Over 25% of Embase journal titles are unique**, including 30% of titles covering core pharmacology and clinical topics

* the pie chart shows the core topics, grouped into 19 super categories
 ** i.e. not covered by MEDLINE

의학분야 주요 데이터베이스_국외

DB	분야 웹주소	제작처	수독기간	특징
CINAHL ²³⁾	간호학	미국 CINHAL Inf sys	1982~	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 용어색인 구조는 MeSH에 기초하나 간호학 관련 건강전문가들의 요구를 충족시키기 위한 구조로 됨. □ 1997년부터는 새롭게 인정된 문서, 임상 기술, 판례 등을 추가함.
PsycINFO ²⁴⁾	심리학, 정신의학 및 관련분야	American Psychological Association	1972~	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 약물정보, 정신병 치료법, 범죄 심리학, 관련 법률, 조직 구조학, 교육 등의 내용으로 이루어져 있으며 임상실용자료를 제공하며 인용문과의 링크가 되어 있음.
AMED ²⁵⁾	대체의학	British Library	1985~	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ MeSH의 주제 표목으로 색인 □ 596개 학술지의 관련 문헌을 찾아줌. 주로 영어로 출판된 유럽의 연구들임
CancerLit ²⁶⁾	종양학	미국 National Cancer Institute	1972~	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ PubMed와 DB를 공유하며 그 외, 임상연구자료, 임통게자료 등을 제공함

한국보건 의료연구원. 신의료기술평가 체계적 문헌고찰 지침. 서울 한국보건 의료연구원. 2011

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국내 데이터베이스

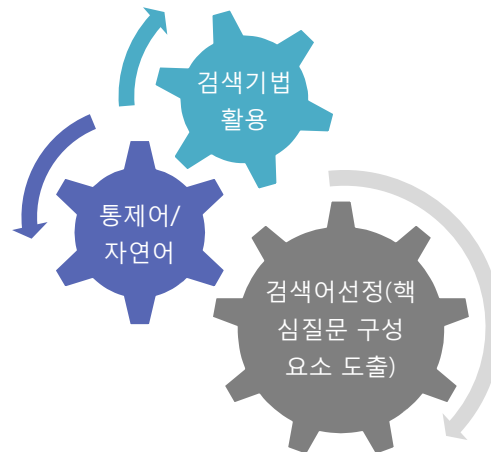
DB	분야	문헌보유수	특징
KoreaMed ¹²⁾	보건 의료	173,711편	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 영어로만 검색 □ PubMed와 검색기능 유사 □ 논문원문보기기능 제공
한국의학 논문 데이터 베이스 ¹³⁾	보건 의료	47만 편 정도	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 검색어는 어절의 처음에 오는 경우만 검색됨 □ 복합어의 경우 띄어쓰기를 한 경우와 하지 않은 경우를 같이 검색해야 함 □ 원문서비스유형은 오픈 액세스 방식, 학회 및 기관 회원 접근 방식, MedRIC 회원 접근 방식으로 구분됨
학술데이터 베이스검색 ¹⁴⁾	전분야	1433개 학회지	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 띄어쓰기는 AND검색으로 검색됨 □ 검색창의 메뉴바를 활용(8가지의 검색 옵션) □ 다국어 입력기능, 결과내검색, 끝단어더보기 기능 제공
국회도서관 ¹⁵⁾	보건 의료	70만 편 정도	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 석박사학위논문을 비롯한 원문 DB 구축
국립중앙 도서관 ¹⁶⁾	전분야	800만 편 정도	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 검색어 입력시, 입력한 검색어에 대해서 자동완성 기능을 제공 □ 다국어 입력기능, 상세검색기능, 검색결과제한기능을 제공
한국교육 학술정보원 ¹⁷⁾	전분야	10,455편 원문제공	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 상세검색에서 키워드, 진방일치, 완전일치 3가지의 검색방법제공 □ 일본, 중국자료검색 기능 등 제공
국가자료공동 목록시스템 ¹⁸⁾	전분야	10,455편 원문제공	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 국립중앙도서관을 중심으로 구성된 전국 공공도서관의 소장 자료에 대한 통합 DB (국립중앙도서관, 한국교육학술정보원, 국회도서관)
과학기술 학회마을 ¹⁹⁾	전분야	10,455편 원문제공	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ 기본검색 : 키워드 검색, 고급검색 : 검색식 구성 □ 검색결과 상세보기 기능제공

12) <http://www.koreamed.org/SearchBasic.php>
 13) <http://kmbase.medric.or.kr/>
 14) <http://kiss.kstudy.com/>
 15) <http://www.nanet.go.kr/main.jsp>

16) <http://www.nl.go.kr/nl/index.jsp>
 17) <http://www.riss.kr/index.do>
 18) <http://www.nl.go.kr/kollisnet/index.php>
 19) <http://society.kisti.re.kr/main.html>

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문헌검색 전략



체계적 문헌 고찰 작성을 위한 검색 전략

- 포괄적으로 검색하면서도 배제되지 않게 검색전략을 수립
- 쉽고 정확하게 검색하기 위한 통제언어가 필요, 대표적으로 MeSH 사용
- 통제어와 단순키워드 조합 검색
- 적절한 수준의 정확율(precision)과 재현율(recall)을 확보 가능

Appendix 1. MEDLINE search strategy

1. exp OSTEoARTHRITIS/
2. osteoarthr\$.tw.
3. (degenerative adj2 arthritis).tw.
4. or/1-3
5. exp CHONDROITIN/
6. chondroitin.sh, rn, tw.
7. 5 or 6
8. 4 and 7
9. randomized controlled trial.pt.
10. controlled clinical trial.pt.
11. randomized controlled trials.sh.
12. random allocation.sh.
13. double blind method.sh.
14. single-blind method.sh.
15. clinical trial.pt.
16. clinical trials.sh.
17. clinical trial.tw.
18. ((singl\$ or doubl\$ or trebl\$ or tripl\$) and (mask\$ or blind\$)).tw.
19. placebos.sh.
20. placebo\$.tw.
21. random\$.tw.
22. Research Design/
23. comparative study.sh.
24. evaluation studies.sh.
25. follow-up studies.sh.
26. prospective studies.sh.
27. control\$.tw.
28. prospectiv\$.tw.
29. volunteer\$.tw.
30. or/9-29
31. (animal not human).mp.
32. 30 not 31

Cochrane SR 문헌의 Search strategy

MeSH 검색 절대적임 (빨간색 밑줄) : DB구축시 주제색인 필요함
통제어휘집에 의해 주제색인이 되지 않은 DB의 경우 다양한 Textwords를 조합하여 검색

MeSH로 검색하면 관련 유사어, 동의어를 모두 입력하지 않아도 됨

Keywords

- Osteoarthritis
- Osteoarthrosis
- Osteoarthroses
- Arthritis, Degenerative
- Arthritides, Degenerative
- Degenerative Arthritides
- Degenerative Arthritis
- Osteoarthrosis Deformans
- Coxarthrosis
- Coxarthroses
- Spinal Osteoarthritis
- Spine Osteoarthritis
- Lumbar Osteoarthritis

MeSH



Osteoarthritis [MeSH]

Degenerative Arthritis
로 검색하지 않는 경우 검색결과에서 누락됨.
MeSH 색인이 필요함

PubMed search field tags

Search Field Descriptions and Tags

Go to:

Affiliation [AD]	Investigator [IR]	Publication Date [DP]
Article Identifier [AID]	ISBN [ISBN]	Publication Type [PT]
All Fields [ALL]	Issue [IP]	Secondary Source ID [SI]
<u>Author [AU]</u>	Journal [TA]	Subset [SB]
Book [book]	Language [LA]	Supplementary Concept [NM]
Comment Corrections	Last Author [LASTAU]	<u>Text Words [TW]</u>
Corporate Author [CN]	Location ID [LID]	Title [TI]
Create Date [CRDT]	MeSH Date [MHDA]	Title/Abstract [TIAB]
Completion Date [DCOM]	MeSH Major Topic [MAJR]	Transliterated Title [TT]
EC/RN Number [RN]	MeSH Subheadings [SH]	UID [PMID]
Editor [ED]	<u>MeSH Terms [MH]</u>	Version
Entrez Date [EDAT]	Modification Date [LR]	Volume [VI]
Filter [FILTER]	NLM Unique ID [JID]	
First Author Name [1AU]	Other Term [OT]	
Full Author Name [FAU]	Owner	
Full Investigator Name [FIR]	Pagination [PG]	
Grant Number [GR]	Personal Name as Subject [PS]	

[Text words] : title, abstract, other abstract, MeSH terms, MeSH Subheadings, Publication Types, Substance Names, Personal Name as Subject, Corporate Author, Secondary Source, Comment/Correction Notes, **Author Keywords** 등에서 검색함.
Title/Abstract 검색이 정확률이 높음

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov.proxy.cuk.ac.kr:8080/books/NBK3827/#pubmedhelp.PubMed_Quick_Start

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PubMed Clinical Query Filters: 연구유형별 검색 가능

Category	Optimized for	Sensitivity/Specificity	PubMed equivalent
Therapy	sensitivity	99%/74%	"randomized controlled trial" [PTXP] "drug therapy" [SH] "therapeutic use" [SH:NOEXP] "random*" [WORD]
	specificity	57%/97%	(double [WORD] & blind* [WORD]) placebo [WORD]
Diagnosis	sensitivity	92%/73%	"sensitivity and specificity" [MESH] "sensitivity" [WORD] ("diagnosis" [SH] "diagnostic use" [SH] "specificity" [WORD])
	specificity	55%/98%	"sensitivity and specificity" [MESH] ("predictive" [WORD] & "value*" [WORD])
Etiology	sensitivity	82%/70%	"cohort studies" [MESH] "risk" [MESH] ("odds" [WORD] & "ratio*" [WORD]) ("relative" [WORD] & "risk" [WORD]) ("case" [WORD] & "control*" [WORD])
	specificity	40%/98%	"case-control studies" [MH:NOEXP] "cohort studies" [MH:NOEXP]
Prognosis	sensitivity	92%/73%	"incidence" [MESH] "mortality" [MESH] "follow-up studies" [MESH] "mortality" [SH] prognos* [WORD] predict* [WORD] course
	specificity	49%/97%	

•SR 검색은 민감도가 높은 검색전략을 사용
 •다른 DB에도 적용가능함 : tag name을 DB에 맞게 수정하여 적용

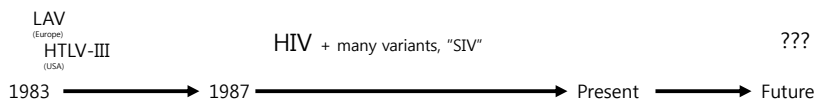
http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov.proxy.cuk.ac.kr:8080/books/NBK3827/#pubmedhelp.Clinical_Queries_Filters

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Citation Index - The Value Add

The language of research is constantly changing, as research progress concepts and terminology evolve.

- Text based searching may miss critical information
- Network linkages through citations facilitate the *discovery* of information across the boundaries of terminology



IMPORTANCE OF THE NEF GENE FOR MAINTENANCE OF HIGH VIRUS LOADS AND FOR DEVELOPMENT OF AIDS

Author(s): KESTLER HW, RINGLER DJ, MORI K, et al.
 Source: CELL Volume: 85 Issue: 4 Pages: 651-662 Published: MAY 17 1991
 Times Cited: 1,103 (from Web of Science)
 Cited References: 49 [Citation Map](#)

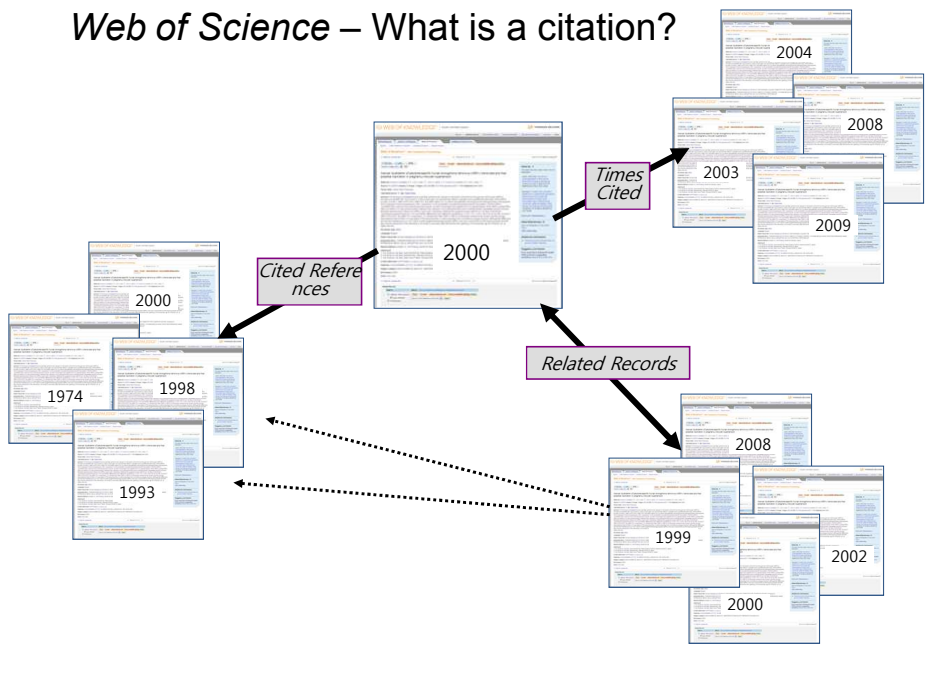
Abstract: When rhesus monkeys were infected with a form of cloned SIVmac239 having a premature revertant with a coding codon at this position quickly and universally came to predominate in the... are strong selective forces for open functional forms of nef in vivo. Although deletion of nef sequences... replication in cultured cells, deletion of nef sequences dramatically altered the properties of virus... indicate that nef is required for maintaining high virus loads during the course of persistent infection... Thus, nef should become a target for antiviral drug development. Furthermore, the properties of virus... for making live-attenuated strains of virus for experimental vaccine testing.

Document Type: Article
 Language: English
 KeyWords Plus: SIMIAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS; OPEN READING FRAME; RHESUS-MONKEY; MUTATIONAL ANALYSIS; MACAQUE MONKEYS; HTLV-III; SOR GENE, TYPE-1; PROTEIN

This particular article is highly cited and relevant, but does not contain the term "HIV"

Therefore, this record cannot be found by searching for the text "HIV" but is easily found by using citations

Web of Science – What is a citation?



제목, 초록, 저자키워드를 핵심단어로 작성 해야하는 이유

- 서지데이터베이스
 - 제목, 초록, 저자키워드를 대상으로 색인어 추출
 - 검색어와 매칭되는 색인어를 검색결과로 추출
- 독자
 - 전문(full text)을 읽기보다는 초록을 읽음
 - 초록보다는 논문의 제목만 읽는 독자가 더 많음
- 저자
 - 제목, 초록, 저자키워드를 핵심단어로 작성?

학술지 투고규정에 Author Keywords를 MeSH로 작성하도록 권고함

Author Keywords & MeSH

MeSH 용어와 Author Keywords 일치도 관련 연구

- 1992-1997년도 가정의학회지
- Author Keywords : 897종류
 - MeSH 일치 : 161개 (17.9%)
 - 단, 복수 등 부분일치: 34개(3.8%)
 - **MeSH 불일치 : 702개(78.2%)**
- 결론
 - MeSH와 부합하지 않음
 - 주제어 자체가 논문의 내용을 정확히 반영하지 못하는 경우가 있음

김병성, 김수영. 가정의학회지 논문의 영어 주제어 선택에 있어서 MeSH 용어 사용여부와 선택 정확도. 가정의학회지 1998. 19(7) 531-537

MeSH 용어와 Author Keywords 일치도 관련 연구

- 1993년-2010년
- 대한작업치료학회지 논문 346편
- Author Keywords : 1,225개
 - MeSH 일치 : 225개 (20.8%)
 - 단, 복수 등 부분일치: 377개(30.8%)
 - **MeSH 불일치 : 593개(48.4%)**

박수현, 박경영. 대한작업치료학회지 논문의 영문 주제어와 MeSH 용어의 비교분석. 대한작업치료학회지 2011. 19(4) 131-145

Author Keywords 분석결과

- MeSH 용어에 대한 이해부족
- Author Keywords 선정시 임의적인 용어 사용
- 연구의 내용을 나타내는 주제어이외의 형태 (비주제어)
 - Check tags : 연령, 성별, 연구재료
 - ex) child, rats, animals
 - Publication Types
 - ex) systematic reviews, rct, case report
 - Study Design 관련 용어
 - ex) cohort studies
 - 지리표목 ex) Korea
 - 약어사용 ex)

KoreaM
KAMJE
KOREAN ASSOCIATION
OF MEDICAL
JOURNAL EDITORS

Search KoreaMed for Type [ALL] cause [ALL] liver

Display Abstract Save Text

1. *Clin Mol Hepatol*. 2012 Sep.

Type and cause of liver
Lee SS, Byoun YS, Joo
Department of Internal Medicine

Abstract
BACKGROUND/AIMS: The prevalence of liver disease in Korea between 1997 and May 2010. METHODS: Consistent diagnostic criteria and review of their medical record were used. RESULTS: The prevalence of liver disease was 50.9 (8.1%) as primary liver disease, 46.6% were attributed to viral hepatitis and 18.1% to alcohol. Of the 52.2% and cystic liver disease for evaluating changing trends

This article has been cited by

Images from this publication

MeSH Terms:

- Acute Disease
- Adolescent
- Adult
- Aged
- Aged, 80 and over
- Alcohol Drinking/adverse effects
- Carcinoma, Hepatocellular
- Carcinoma, Hepatocellular/etiology
- Carcinoma, Hepatocellular/pathology
- Chronic Disease
- Cohort Studies
- Fatty Liver/epidemiology
- Female
- Hepatitis, Viral, Human/complications
- Hepatitis, Viral, Human/epidemiology
- Hepatitis/epidemiology
- Humans
- Liver Cirrhosis/epidemiology
- Liver Cirrhosis/etiology
- Liver Diseases, Alcoholic/complications
- Liver Diseases, Alcoholic/epidemiology
- Liver Diseases/diagnosis*
- Liver Diseases/epidemiology
- Liver Neoplasms/epidemiology
- Liver Neoplasms/etiology
- Liver Neoplasms/pathology
- Male
- Middle Aged
- Prevalence
- Republic of Korea/epidemiology
- Retrospective Studies
- Young Adult

Author Keywords:

- Diagnosis
- Etiology, Korea
- Liver Diseases

Subheading, Geographicals를 Author Keywords로 선정한 사례

NCBI Resources How To Sign in to PubMed.gov

US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health

Advanced Search

Display Settings: Abstract

J Korean Med Sci. 2012 Jun;27(6):636-43. doi: 10.3346/jkms.2012.27.6.636. Epub 2012 May 26.

Relationship between vitamin D, parathyroid hormone, and bone mineral density in elderly Koreans.

Kim G, Oh KW, Jang EH, Kim MK, Lim DJ, Kwon HS, Baek KH, Yoon KH, Lee WC, Cha BY, Lee KW, Son HY, Kang JM.
Department of Internal Medicine, Division of Endocrinology and Metabolism, Seoul St. Mary's Hospital, The Catholic University of Korea, Seoul, Korea.

Abstract
There is controversy regarding definition of vitamin D inadequacy. We analyzed threshold 25-hydroxyvitamin D (25(OH)D) below which intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) increases, and examined age- and sex-specific changes of 25(OH)D and iPTH, and association of 25(OH)D and iPTH with bone mineral density (BMD) in elderly Koreans. Anthropometric parameters, serum 25(OH)D and iPTH, lumbar spine and femur BMD by dual-energy radiography absorptiometry (DXA) were measured in 441 men and 599 postmenopausal women. iPTH increased below serum 25(OH)D of 36.7 ng/mL in men, but failed to reach plateau in women. Femur neck BMD above and below threshold differed when threshold 25(OH)D concentrations were set at 15-27.5 ng/mL in men, and 12.5-20 ng/mL in postmenopausal women. Vitamin D-inadequate individuals older than 75 yr had higher iPTH than those aged ≤ 65 yr. In winter, age-associated iPTH increase in women was steeper than in summer. In conclusion, vitamin D inadequacy threshold cannot be estimated based on iPTH alone, and but other factors concerning bone health should also be considered. Older people seemingly need higher 25(OH)D levels to offset age-associated hyperparathyroidism. Elderly vitamin D-inadequate women in the winter are most vulnerable to age-associated hyperparathyroidism.

KEYWORDS: Age, Bone Density, Intact Parathyroid Hormone, Sex, Vitamin D

PMD: 22690095 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE] PMID: PMC3369450 **Free PMC Article**

Images from this publication. See all images (3) Free text

Publication Types, MeSH Terms, Substances

Publication Types
Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't

MeSH Terms
Age Factors
Aged
Bone Density*
Female
Femur/anatomy & histology
Humans
Hyperparathyroidism/diagnosis
Hyperparathyroidism/etiology
Lumbosacral Region/anatomy & histology
Male
Middle Aged
Parathyroid Hormone/secretion
Postmenopause

Related citations in PubMed
Prevalence of vitamin D deficiency among Saudi Arabian men [Osteoporos Int. 2012].
Vitamin D deficiency and bone health in health adults in Finland, could it? [Bone Miner Res. 2012].
Vitamin D status affects serum parathyroid hormone concentrations du [Am J Clin Nutr. 2012].
Vitamin D and parathyroid hormone in relation bone mineral density in pr [Vojnosanit Pregl. 2012].
Effectiveness and safety of vitamin D i relat [Evid Rep Technol Assess (Full Rep). 2012].

Free in PMC


2013년 이후 PubMed KEYWORDS 필드 출력됨

**•MEDLINE 저널: MeSH로 색인함
•Only PMC 저널: MeSH로 색인하지 않음**

서지 DB에서 논문이 검색되게 하려면 ?

- “DB에서 쉽게 검색될 수 있도록 핵심단어를 사용해 제목, 초록, 저자키워드 작성”
- “MeSH, 관련분야 용어집을 참고하여 통제된 어휘로 저자키워드를 작성”

KoreaMed MeSH Terms & Author Keywords



- Adult
- Aged
- Carcinoma, Hepatocellular/metabolism*
- Carcinoma, Hepatocellular/mortality
- Carcinoma, Hepatocellular/pathology
- Cyclooxygenase 2/metabolism*
- Female
- Hepatitis, Chronic/metabolism*
- Hepatitis, Chronic/mortality
- Hepatitis, Chronic/pathology
- Humans
- Immunohistochemistry
- Kaplan-Meier Estimate
- Liver Cirrhosis/metabolism*
- Liver Cirrhosis/mortality
- Liver Cirrhosis/pathology
- Liver Neoplasms/metabolism*
- Liver Neoplasms/mortality
- Liver Neoplasms/pathology
- Male
- Middle Aged
- Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor A/metabolism*

Author Keywords:

- Chronic hepatitis
- Cyclooxygenase-2
- Hepatocellular carcinoma
- Liver cirrhosis
- Vascular endothelial growth factor

. LG-HCC, P=0.011, LG-HCC vs. HG-HCC, P=0.075) Both VEGF: r=0.491, P<0.001). There was a significant correlation COX-2 and VEGF expression scores and survival (COX-2: e significantly higher in cirrhosis and LG-HCC than in CH. High

- KoreaMed의 경우 저자키워드가 주제어 검색을 대신해옴
- 2013 KoreaMed MeSH Indexer에 의한 반자동색인
- Author keywords 5개가 모두 KoreaMed MeSH Terms나 entry terms와 일치된 사례임
- MEDLINE 학술지 15종 대상 일치율 조사 결과 평균 54% 완전일치율을 보임

Synapse MeSH Terms

- KoreaMed MeSH Indexer를 통하여 논문 레코드에 MeSH terms를 자동 부여
- Synapse: MeSH terms 검토 요청 ("초록 핀": "Mark as inappropriate") 기능
 - 혹시라도 적절치 않은 MeSH 용어가 부여되어 있는 경우, MeSH 용어 옆의 초록색 핀 ("Mark as inappropriate")을 click 하면, 핀의 색상이 주황색으로 바뀌고 의편협의 MeSH 관리팀이 인지할 수 있도록 처리가 됨.

Journal List > Korean J Nosocomial Infect Control > v.19(2); Dec 2014

Original Article

Abstract Article PDF PubReader ePub Figures + Tables References

Korean J Nosocomial Infect Control, 2014 Dec;19(2):52-63. Korean.
 Published online December 19, 2014. <http://dx.doi.org/10.14192/kjnic.2014.19.2.52>
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Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit Module Report: Summary of Data from July 2011 through June 2012

Min Hyok Jeon,¹ Tae Hyong Kim,¹⁰ Sung Ran Kim,² Hee Kyung Chun,⁴ Su Ha Han,⁵ Ji Hwan Bang,⁶ Eun Suk Park,⁷ Sun Young Jeong,⁸ Joong Sik Eom,⁹ Young Keun Kim,¹⁰ Kil Yeon Lee,¹¹ Hee Jung Choi,¹² Hyo Youl Kim,¹³ Kyung Mi Kim,¹³ Joohun Sung,¹⁴ Young Uh,¹⁵ Hong Bin Kim,¹⁶ Heoung Soo Chung,¹⁷ Jun-Wook Kwon,¹⁷ Jun Hee Woo,¹⁸ and Korean Nosocomial Infection (KONIS)

¹Division of Infectious Diseases, Soonchunhyang University College of Medicine, Cheonan Hospital, Cheonan, Korea.
²Division of Infectious Diseases, Soonchunhyang University College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea.
³Bucheon, Korea.

MeSH Terms:

Bacteriuria	+
Confidence Intervals	+
Cross Infection*	+
Humans	+
Intensive Care Units*	+
Pneumonia	+
Prospective Studies	+
Urinary Catheters	+
Urinary Tract Infections	+
Ventilators, Mechanical	+

MeSH Terms:

Bacteriuria	+
Confidence Intervals	+
Cross Infection*	+
Humans	+
Intensive Care Units*	+
Pneumonia	+
Prospective Studies	+
Urinary Catheters	+
Urinary Tract Infections	+
Ventilators, Mechanical	+

검색에 유용한
AUTHOR KEYWORDS 작성

Author Keywords

- 3-10개의 주제어 작성
- 연구의 내용을 가장 잘 표현할 수 있는 단어 선정
- 모두 제목에 나타나는 수준의 단어로 선정
- MeSH 사용 (학술지의 투고규정에 정함)

홍성태. 의학논문 매력있게 쓰자. 서울 : 서울대학교출판문화원, 2012.

Author Keywords 선정 방법

1. MeSH on Demand 검색

2. PubMed 검색: 유사주제를 가진 다른 논문에 부여된 MeSH를 참고

3. 각 학회에서 제정한 용어집 참고

4. 없는 경우 저자가 사용하고자 하는 어휘 채택

● Author Keywords

2. 영문초록

Purpose, Methods, Results, Conclusion으로 구분하여 줄을 바꾸지 않고 연결하여 200단어 이내(제목과 저자명을 제외하고)로 기술한다. 원고의 내용에 부합하는 영문 주요어(Key Words) 5개 이내를 영문초록 다음에 첨부하며, [MeSH \(www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html\)](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html)에 등재된 용어를 원칙으로 한다.

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2014/mesh_browser/MBrowser.html

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MeSHonDemand.html>

MeSH on Demand

Indexing Initiative > Interactive Access > MeSH on Demand
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MeSH on Demand identifies MeSH Terms in your text using the [NLM Medical Text Indexer \(MTI\)](#) program. After processing, MeSH on Demand returns a list of MeSH Terms relevant to your text.

Please Note: This tool is NOT intended for processing personally identifiable, sensitive or protected-health information. The system is not configured for secure communications. It is your responsibility to NOT submit any personally identifiable, sensitive or protected-health information.

Text to be Processed (Single block of text, maximum 10,000 characters):

Maternal Acculturation Process of Married Immigrant Women in Korea. PURPOSE: This study was done to explore and understand acculturation focusing on reproductive health of immigrant women accumulated by dimensions of environment in others, reproduction health crisis, pregnancy', 'morning sickness', 'instinct for labor as a Korean host for education existence. CON and the meaning can contribute Korean culture

Currently Identifying 2014 MeSH Terms

Find MeSH Terms
Reset Form

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Acculturation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Humans	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Parenting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Cost of Illness	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Instinct	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Pregnancy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Culture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Korea	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Reproductive Health
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: DNA-Directed DNA Polymerase	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Marriage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Republic of Korea
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Emigrants and Immigrants	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Morning Sickness	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Thirst
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Female	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Pain	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Women
MeSH Supplementary Concepts		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MeSH Browser: Thiopolymerase		

Selecting the MeSH Term next to a MeSH Term, or the MeSH Term itself opens a new window or tab with the MeSH Browser for that MeSH Term

Helpful Hints: Disclaimer: These MeSH Terms are machine generated by MTI and DO NOT reflect any human review. MTI may recommend MeSH Terms not explicitly found in the text and may not recommend MeSH Terms that are in the text. This is a result of machine logic that attempts to simulate human indexer behavior in characterizing biomedically relevant parts of the text. These results will undoubtedly differ from any human-generated indexing.

> Typical MTI-generated indexing takes longer MTI takes to process provided - the more text, the

MeSH

Medical Subject Headings (MeSH)

- 미국 국립의학도서관 (National Library of Medicine, NLM) 구축
- 통제어휘집, 주제명 사전 혹은 시소러스
- MeSH의 주표목 28,000여개
- 매년 갱신
- www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh
- MeSH 추천:
<https://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/meshsugg.html>

MeSH, 2014

- There are **27,149 descriptors** in 2014 MeSH. There are also over **218,000 entry terms** that assist in finding the most appropriate MeSH Heading
- there are more than **219,000** headings called Supplementary Concept Records (formerly Supplementary Chemical Records) within a separate thesaurus.

MeSH 유형

- Descriptors
 - **Main Headings**
 - Publication Types
 - Geographicals
 - Check Tags
- Subheading (=Qualifiers)
- Supplementary Concepts

MeSH Categories

1. Anatomy [A]
2. Organisms [B]
3. Diseases [C]
4. Chemicals and Drugs [D]
5. Analytical, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Techniques and Equipment [E]
6. Psychiatry and Psychology [F]
7. Phenomena and Processes [G]
8. Disciplines and Occupations [H]
9. Anthropology, Education, Sociology and Social Phenomena [I]
10. Technology, Industry, Agriculture [J]
11. Humanities [K]
12. Information Science [L]
13. Named Groups [M]
14. Health Care [N]
15. Publication Characteristics [V]
16. Geographicals [Z]

MeSH Tree Structures의 예

- Neoplasms [C04]
 - Neoplasms by Site [C04.588]
 - Abdominal Neoplasms [C04.588.033] +
 - Anal Gland Neoplasms [C04.588.083]
 - Bone Neoplasms [C04.588.149] +
 - Breast Neoplasms [C04.588.180]
 - Breast Neoplasms, Male [C04.588.180.260]
 - Carcinoma, Ductal, Breast [C04.588.180.390]
 - Hereditary Breast and Ovarian Cancer Syndrome [C04.588.180.483]
 - Inflammatory Breast Neoplasms [C04.588.180.576]
 - Digestive System Neoplasms [C04.588.274] +

MeSH Browser

- The **MeSH browser** is an online vocabulary look-up aid available for use with MeSH®. The browser does not link directly to any MEDLINE or other database retrieval system and thus is not a substitute for the PUBMED system
- (<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html>)

NLM NATIONAL LIBRARY of MEDICINE MEDICAL SUBJECT HEADINGS MeSH

MeSH Home | Contact NLM | Site Index | Search Our Web Site | NLM Home

Health Information | Library Services | Research Programs | New & Noteworthy | General Information

Navigate from tree top

MeSH Browser (2013 MeSH):
The files are updated every week on Sunday.
[Go to 2012 MeSH](#)

Search: diabetes mellitus, type 2

Find Exact Term | Find Terms with ALL Fragments | Find Terms with ANY Fragment

Search Options:

- All
- Main Headings
- Qualifiers
- Supplementary Concepts
- MeSH Unique ID
- Text words in Annotation & Scope Note
- Search in these fields of chemicals:
 - Heading Mapped To (HM) (Supplementary List)
 - Indexing Information (II) (Supplementary List)
 - Pharmacological Action (PA)
 - CAS Registry/EC Number/UNII Code (RN)
 - Related Registry Number (RR)

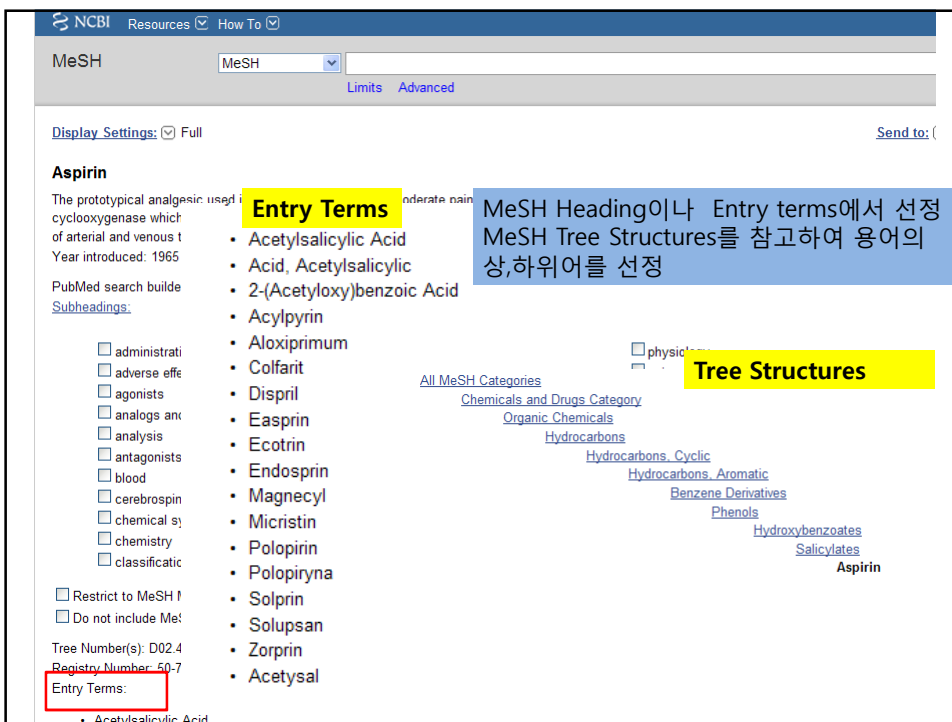
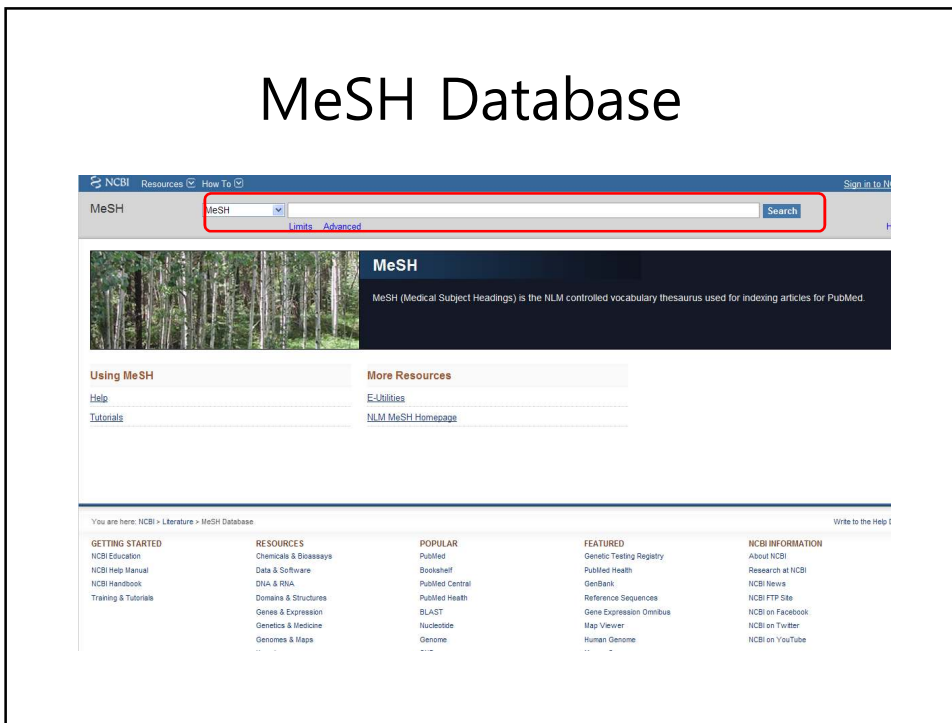
MeSH [About MeSH Browser](#) | [MeSH Home Page](#) | [Questions or Comments](#)

Main Heading		Return to Entry Page
		Go to Concept View ; Go to Expanded Concept View
MeSH Heading	Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2	표목
Tree Number	C18.452.394.750.149	계층번호
Tree Number	C19.246.300	
Scope Note	A subclass of DIABETES MELLITUS that is not INSULIN -responsive or dependent (NIDDM). It is characterized initially by INSULIN RESISTANCE and eventually by GLUCOSE INTOLERANCE ; HYPERGLYCEMIA ; and overt diabetes. Type II diabetes mellitus is no longer considered a condition that seldom develop KETOSIS but often exhibit OBESITY .	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Adult-Onset	주석
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Ketosis-Resistant	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Maturity-Onset	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Non Insulin Dependent	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Non-Insulin-Dependent	기입어: 동의어, 유의어,
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Noninsulin Dependent	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Noninsulin-Dependent	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Slow-Onset	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Stable	
Entry Term	Diabetes Mellitus, Type II	
Entry Term	Maturity-Onset Diabetes	
Entry Term	Maturity-Onset Diabetes Mellitus	
Entry Term	MODY	
Entry Term	NIDDM	
Entry Term	Noninsulin-Dependent Diabetes Mellitus	
Entry Term	Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus	허용부표목
See Also	Metabolic Syndrome X	관련어
See Also	Rats, Inbred OLETF	
Allowable	BL CE CI CL CN CO DH DL DT EC EH EM EN EP ET GE HI IM ME MI MO NU PA PC PP PS PX RA RH RI RT SU TH UR US VE	

MeSH Database

- Use the **MeSH database** to find MeSH terms, including Subheadings, Publication Types, Supplementary Concepts and Pharmacological Actions, and then build a PubMed search
- <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh>

MeSH Database



MeSH DB-> PubMed 검색

The screenshot shows the MeSH (Medical Subject Headings) database interface. The word "Aspirin" is circled in red. A blue arrow points from this word to the "PubMed Search Builder" tool, which is also highlighted with a red box. The search builder contains the text "Aspirin" [MeSH] and has buttons for "Add to search builder" and "Search PubMed". Below the search builder, there is a "Recent Activity" section showing search results for "Aspirin" (39) and "textbook of medicine (1505)".

Related citations in PubMed

PubMed.gov
US National Library of Medicine
National Institutes of Health

Search

Display Settings: Abstract

J Am Geriatr Soc. 2013 May;61(5):843-4. doi: 10.1111/gps.12236.

Aspirin use after diagnosis improves survival in older adults with colon cancer.

Lai SW, Liao KF.

Comment on
Aspirin use after diagnosis improves survival in older adults with colon cancer: a retrospective cohort study. [J Am Geriatr Soc. 2012]

PMID: 23872562 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

Publication Types, MeSH Terms, Substances

Publication Types
Comment
Letter

MeSH Terms
Anti-Inflammatory Agents, Non-Steroidal/therapeutic use*
Aspirin/therapeutic use*
Colonic Neoplasms/drug therapy*
Colonic Neoplasms/mortality*
Female
Humans
Male

Substances
Anti-Inflammatory Agents, Non-Steroidal
Aspirin

LinkOut - more resources

Send to: Full Text Online WILEY ONLINE LIBRARY

Save items
Add to Favorites

Related citations in PubMed
Aspirin use after diagnosis improves survival older adults with colon [J Am Geriatr Soc. 2] Aspirin as colon cancer treatment? [Harv Health Lett. 2] Study finds possible role for aspirin as treatment for colon cancer. [BMJ. 2] Review [Aspirin, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory age [Gastroenterol Clin Biol. 1] Review Aspirin and related nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs as chemop [Prev Med. 1] See review See

PubMed 간략 서지정보의 MeSH 참고

Related citations in PubMed의 유사논문에 부여된 MeSH 참고

PubMed 상세 서지정보의 MeSH와 초록 참고

Abstract
PURPOSE: This research compares the predictive value of the abdominal obesity indicator, waist circumference (WC), and the overall obesity indicator, body mass index (BMI), among men and women with regard to type 2 diabetes.
MATERIALS AND METHODS: This study used data collected from 4,400 households selected by a stratified multistage probability sampling method during the 2001 Korea National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (KNHANES). The final study sample included 4,684 subjects over 30 years of age who had completed the health examination required for the analysis of the health interview and health behavior surveys.
RESULTS: Both men and women showed significant differences in fasting blood glucose (FBG) or HbA1c levels based on abdominal obesity irrespective of BMI. However, the presence of overall obesity among men with abdominal obesity was not significantly correlated with FBG or HbA1c levels, while the presence of overall obesity among women with abdominal obesity was significantly different in regard to FBG or HbA1c levels.
CONCLUSION: Both WC and BMI emerged as a measures of risk factors for type 2 diabetes among women while only WC emerged as a risk factor for diabetes among men.

PMID: 20879050 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE] PMCID: PMC2995986 Free PMC Article

Related citations

YMJ Yonsei Medical Journal Free Full Text FREE full text article in PubMed Central

MeSH Terms, Substances

MeSH Terms
Adult
Blood Glucose/analysis*
Body Mass Index
Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2/drug therapy*
Exercise
Health Behavior
Hemoglobin A, Glycosylated/metabolism
Humans
Insulin/administration & dosage*
Insulin/therapeutic use*
Male
Middle Aged
Nutrition Surveys

Synapse: "Related citations in PubMed" 기능

- PubMed 논문 중 그 논문과 가장 유사한 주제의 논문 100여편을 제시하여 주는 PubMed의 Related citations 검색결과 화면으로 이동
- PubMed Central(PMC) 등재 학술지, MEDLINE/PubMed 등재 학술지 논문에만 적용
- PMC 수록 범위가 아닌 과거호 논문들의 경우에도 (e.g., Yonsei Medical Journal 1963년-2004년 등) 적용

The screenshot shows the Synapse interface for a PubMed search. The search results list includes the article: "Antibiofilm Induces Apoptosis of DU-145 Cells In Vitro and Inhibits Xenograft Growth of Prostate Cancer". A red circle labeled '1' points to the "Related citations in PubMed" link. A red circle labeled '2' points to the PubMed search bar. A red circle labeled '3' points to the search results list.

The screenshot shows the Synapse interface for a PubMed search. The search results list includes the article: "Some Effects of High and Low Sodium Intake on a Vegetarian Diet in Rats: I. Longevity, Food Consumption, Weight Gain, Organ Weight, Serum and Bone Sodium and Potassium, Sodium and Potassium Balance and Hematology". A red circle labeled '1' points to the "Related citations in PubMed" link.

저자키워드로 채택되지 않은 중심개념은 초록에 기술

검색에 유용한 Abstracts 작성

함축된 초록 작성

- 저자키워드로 채택되지 않은 중심개념은 초록에 기술
- 저자가 기술하는 단어, 어구, 문장의 종류, 단어의 출현위치 등에 의해 검색여부가 결정됨
 - 부정문보다는 긍정문으로 기술
 - 정형초록의 형식으로 기술
- 연구재료의 성별, 종별, 연령, 동물명등은 초록의 <연구재료와 방법>에 함축적으로 요약

Age Groups

- Newborn: birth-1 mo
- Infant: 1-23 mo
- Preschool Child: 2-5 yr
- Child: 6-12 yr
- Adolescent: 13-18 yr
- Young Adult: 19-24 yr
- Adult: 19-44 years
- Middle Aged: 45-64 yr
- Aged: 65+ yr
- 80 and over: 80+ yr

초록) "10 patients (7 males and 3 females; 68 years and 48 to 78 years, respectively)"

-> 색인: Humans, Male, Female, Middle Aged, Aged

초록) "58-yr old man", "14-yr old girl"과 같이 정형화된 어구 사용

-> 색인: Humans, Male, Female, Middle Aged, Adolescent

The screenshot displays the KoreaMed search interface. The search bar at the top contains "KoreaMed" and has "Go" and "Clear" buttons. Below the search bar, there are several filter sections:

- Limits:** Includes "Year(s)" with a radio button for "All Years" and a dropdown for "1958" to "Present", and "Dates" with a dropdown for "Published in the Last: Any date".
- Languages:** Includes checkboxes for "English" and "Korean".
- Species:** Includes checkboxes for "Humans" and "Animals".
- Gender:** Includes checkboxes for "Male" and "Female".
- Cited by:** Includes checkboxes for "KOMI articles" and "Synapse articles".
- Journal Categories:** Includes checkboxes for "Dental Journals", "Nursing Journals", "Nutrition Journals", and "Veterinary Science Journals".
- Subjects:** Includes checkboxes for "Cancer" and "Toxicology".
- Ages:** A section at the bottom with a red circle around it, currently empty.
- Type of Article:** Includes checkboxes for "Brief Communication", "Case Reports", "Clinical Trial", "Comment", "Comparative Study", "Editorial", "Evaluation Studies", "In Vitro", "Letter", "Meeting Abstract", "Meta-Analysis", and "Multicenter Study".

On the left side, there is a navigation menu with links for "About KoreaMed", "Overview", "Help", "Disclaimer", "KoreaMed Services", "Basic Search", "Journal Browser", "Advanced Search", and "Limits". Below the menu are logos for "Synapse", "KOMI", "WorldWideScience.org", "CrossCheck", "CrossRef", and "CitedBy".

초록의 Age Groups 관련어가 색인된 사례

□ 1. *Tuberc Respir Dis*. 2012 Dec;73(6):320-324. English. <http://dx.doi.org/10.4046/ted.2012.73.6.320>

Sarcoidosis Presenting with Massive Pleural Effusion and Elevated Serum and Pleural Fluid Carbohydrate Antigen-125 Levels

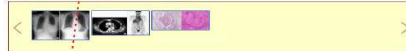
Lee IS, Kim SB, Moon CS, Jung SM, Kim SY, Kim EY, Jung JY, Kang YA, Kim YS, Kim SK, Chang J, Park MS.

Division of Pulmonary and Critical Care Medicine, Department of Internal Medicine, The Institute of Chest Diseases, Yonsei University College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea. paat70@yns.ac.kr

Abstract

A 55-year-old woman was admitted for an elevated serum carbohydrate antigen-125 (CA-125) level, and a left pleural effusion, which were accompanied by respiratory distress. Computed tomography of the chest was performed upon admission, revealing extensive bilateral peribronchovascular and mediastinal lymph node enlargement with a massive left-sided pleural effusion. Subsequent analysis of the pleural fluid demonstrated consistency with exudate, no evidence of malignant cells, and a normal adenocarcinoma. However, the pleural fluid and serum CA-125 levels were 2,948.8 U/ml and 229.8 U/ml, respectively. A positron emission tomography did not reveal any primary focus of malignancy. Finally, a surgical mediastinoscopic biopsy of several mediastinal lymph nodes was performed, revealing non-necrotizing granulomas, consistent with sarcoidosis. After a month of treatment of prednisolone, the left pleural effusion had resolved, and after 2 months the serum CA-125 level was normalized.

Images from this publication. 3 figures. [Full Text](#)



Publication Types

• Case Reports

MeSH Terms

• Adenocarcinoma
• Biopsy
• CA-125 Antigen
• Exudate
• Female
• Granuloma
• Humans
• Lymph Nodes
• Pleural Effusion
• Positron Emission Tomography
• Prednisolone
• Sarcoidosis
• Thorax

Author Keywords

• CA-125 Antigen
• Pleural Effusion
• Sarcoidosis

Animals

- 동물실험의 경우 연구대상이 되는 동물명을 정확하게 초록에 기술할 필요가 있음

Sprague-Dawley rats, Hamsters, Dogs

예) hepatic damage induced by carbon tetrachloride in **Sprague-Dawley rats**

Geographicals

- 지리명 (Geographicals)
Korea, Seoul 등

예) The study subjects were 30~80years old, 513 women living in **Seoul** and **Kyunggi area** who participated in 2011 KNHANES

Study Designs

- Randomized Controlled Trial
- Retrospective Studies
- Cohort Studies
- Case Control Studies
- Multicenter Study

- 예) Combined treatment with headgear and the Frog appliance for maxillary molar distalization: **a randomized controlled trial**

Substances 단어가 MeSH/Substances 필드에 색인된 사례

Eur. J Pharmacol. 1993 Jul 20;238(2-3):357-67.

5-HT1A autoreceptor-mediated effects of the amperozide congeners, FG5885 and FG5893, on rat brain 5-hydroxytryptamine neurochemistry in vivo.

Hjorth S, Pettersson G.

Source: Department of Pharmacology, University of Göteborg, Sweden.

Abstract

The two diphenylbutylpiperazinepyridinyl derivatives, FG5885 and FG5893, have a unique receptor binding profile in that they show very high and essentially equipotent affinities for both 5-HT1A and 5-HT2 receptors. The present report describes the acute effects of FG5885 and FG5893 on presynaptic 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT) neuronal function in the rat CNS, using established ex vivo and in vivo neurochemical techniques. Post-mortem measurements of tissue levels of 5-HT, its metabolite, 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA), and of the formation of 5-hydroxytryptophan (5-HTP; after inhibition of aromatic amino acid decarboxylase by NSD 1015) showed that FG5885 (0.1-20 mg/kg, s.c.) and FG5893 (0.1-20 mg/kg, s.c.) dose dependently decreased the synthesis and the metabolism/turnover of 5-HT to an extent comparable to the reference 5-HT1A receptor agonist 8-hydroxy-2-(di-n-propylamino)tetralin. Reserpine (5 mg/kg, s.c.) pretreatment did not prevent the FG5893-induced decrease of 5-HT synthesis rate. In contrast, about 25-50 times higher doses of FG5885 were required to produce a comparable decrease in brain 5-HT synthesis in reserpinized vs. non-pretreated rats. In vivo microdialysis experiments, both FG5885 (0.1-3.0 mg/kg, s.c.) and FG5893 (0.03-1.0 mg/kg, s.c.) caused a marked and dose-dependent decrease of 5-HT release in the ventral hippocampus. Pretreatment with the 5-HT1A receptor antagonist, (+/-)-pindolol (8 mg/kg, s.c.), abolished the FG5885 (0.3 mg/kg, s.c.)-induced reduction of 5-HT release, and (+/-)-pindolol (8 mg/kg, s.c.) similarly reversed the FG5893 (0.3 mg/kg, s.c.)-induced decrease. Local infusion of FG5885 into the ventral hippocampus (10 microM, 20-min pulse) resulted in a rapid and transient elevation of the 5-HT output, an effect that was independent of extracellular Ca2+. FG5893, on the other hand, did not affect the 5-HT release upon local administration. The results demonstrate that FG5885 and FG5893 potently affect a range of neurochemical indices of rat brain 5-HT neuronal activity in vivo, in a way consistent with indirect FG5885 and direct FG5885 and FG5893 stimulation of the 5-HT1A autoreceptors in the raphe nuclei.

MeSH Terms

- Animals
 - Brain/drug effects
 - Brain/metabolism
 - Calcium/pharmacology
 - Citalopram/pharmacology
 - Hippocampus/drug effects
 - Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid/metabolism
 - Male
 - Neurons/drug effects
 - Neurons/metabolism
 - Nicotinic Acids/pharmacology*
 - Piperazines/pharmacology*
 - Raphe Nuclei/drug effects
 - Raphe Nuclei/metabolism
 - Rats
 - Rats, Sprague-Dawley
 - Receptors, Serotonin/drug effects
 - Receptors, Serotonin/metabolism*
 - Reserpine/pharmacology
 - Serotonin/metabolism*
 - Serotonin Antagonists/pharmacology*
 - Serotonin Receptor Agonists/pharmacology*
- #### Substances
- Nicotinic Acids
 - Piperazines
 - Reserpine
 - Serotonin
 - Serotonin Antagonists
 - Serotonin Receptor Agonists
 - amperozide
 - FG 5893
 - FG 5885
 - Reserpine
 - Serotonin
 - Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid
 - Citalopram
 - Calcium

Substances 단어가 MeSH/Substances 필드에 색인된 사례

- Gene Expression
- Granulocyte Precursor Cells
- Granulocytes
- Humans
- Intercellular Adhesion Molecule-1
- Leukemia, Promyelocytic, Acute
- Nitroblue Tetrazolium
- Oxides
- Phosphotransferases
- Pyrimidines
- Tretinoin
- src-Family Kinases

Substances:

- AG 1879
- Arsenic
- Arsenicals
- Cathepsin D
- Intercellular Adhesion Molecule-1
- Nitroblue Tetrazolium
- Oxides
- Phosphotransferases
- Pyrimidines
- Tretinoin
- arsenic trioxide
- src-Family Kinases

Author Keywords:

- Acute promyelocytic leukemia
- All-trans-retinoic acid
- Arsenic trioxide
- Cell differentiation
- Src kinase

All-Trans-Retinoic Acid or Arsenic Trioxide-Induced Differentiation of an Acute

Park HS, Won JH.

ate for Clinical Molecular Biology Research, Soonchunghang University Hospital, Soonchunghang

ifferentiation after exposure to retinoic acid and both differentiation and apoptosis after exposure to rmyly kinases (SFKs) resulted in enhancement of retinoic acid-induced myeloid differentiation. on of whether the SFK inhibitor PP2 enhanced the differentiation of NB4 cells when combined with idation, we attempted to determine the difference in retinoic acid-induced gene expression between cells). RESULTS: SFK inhibitor PP2 induced significant enhancement of ATRA- or ATO-induced-observed when PP2 was combined with ATRA than when combined with ATO. Flow cytometric- s up to 60.73% and 31.58%, respectively. These results were confirmed by nitroblue tetrazolium- fluorescein staining revealed that PP2 combined with ATRA or PP2 combined with ATO did not-fferent in both groups. Intercellular adhesion molecule-1 expression showed a significant increase in-pression showed a significant increase in cells treated with PP2 in combination with ATO. te promyelocytic leukemia cell differentiation when combined with either ATRA or ATO with difference

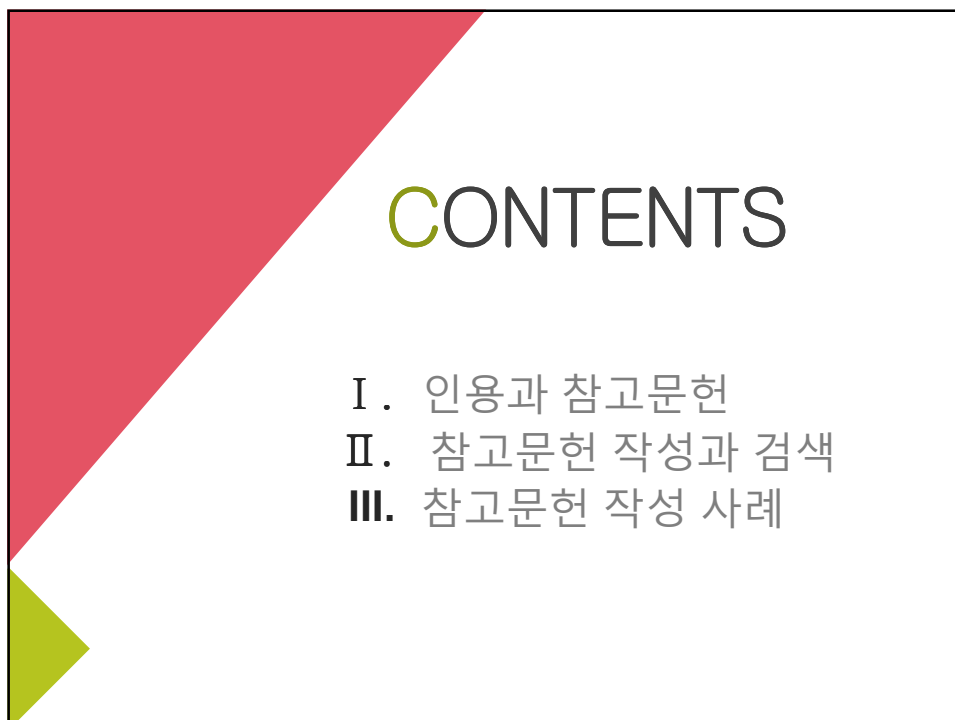


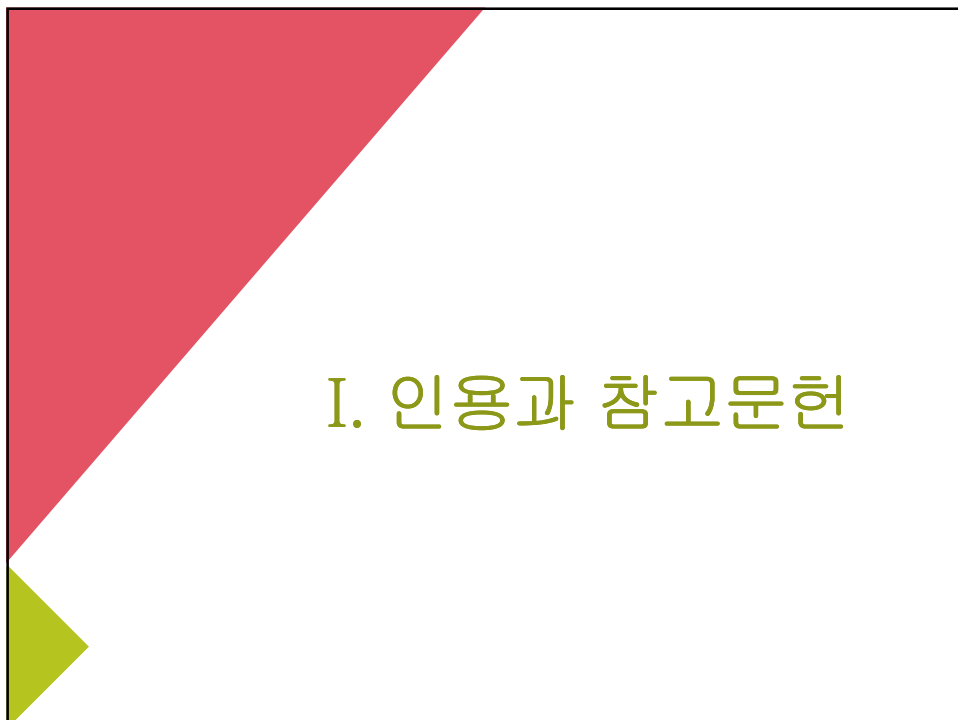
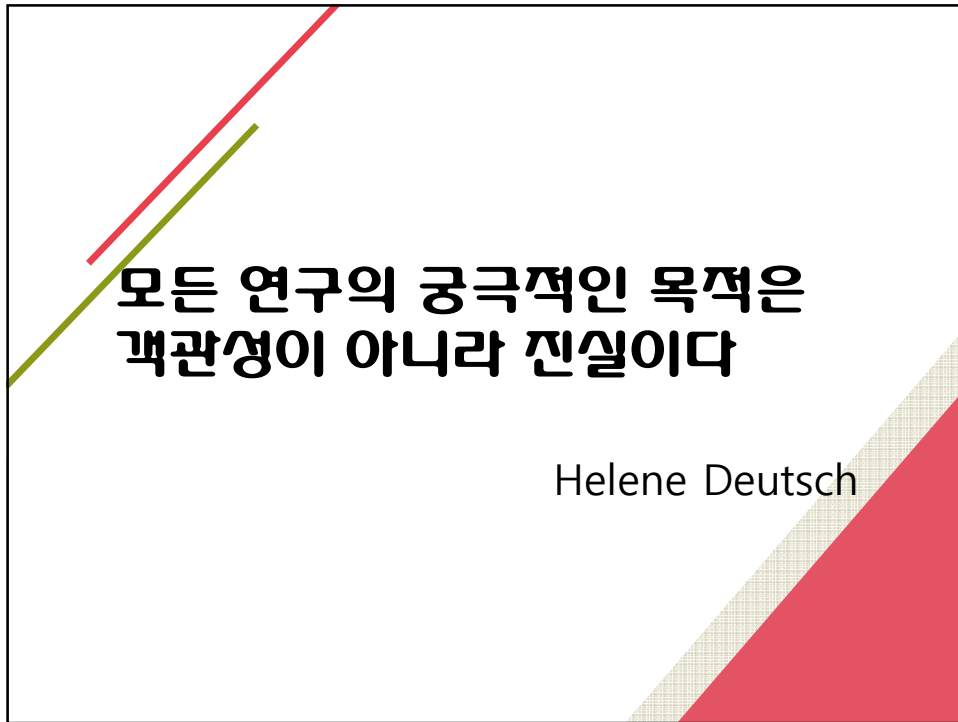
서지 DB에서 논문이 검색되게 하려면 ?

- ***“DB에서 쉽게 검색될 수 있도록 핵심단어를 사용해 제목, 초록, 저자키워드 작성”***
- ***“MeSH, 관련분야 용어집을 참고하여 통제된 어휘로 저자키워드를 작성”***

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http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2013/mesh_browser/MBrowser.html
- PubMed
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/>





인용

- 저자의 논변을 강화, 이해시키는 수단
- 논문의 신뢰도를 높이는 수단
- 인용한 저자의 권위를 통해 논문의 타당성과 정확성을 강조
- 다른 연구자들의 견해와 비교하여 결론과 주장이 옳음을 강조

김규태 외. 이공계 글쓰기 달인. 서울 : 에세, 2010

인용

- 다른 연구자의 연구방법, 아이디어, 결과등을 인용할때 반드시 출처를 밝힘
- 저술의 일부분이나 아이디어를 자신의 것처럼 사용하면 표절
- 인용논문 저자들의 연구와 업적의 영향력 지수를 높이는 중요한 역할

Jennifer Peat. 알면 쉬워지는 의학논문 작성법. 서울 : 군자출판사, 2012

인용원칙, 1

- 반드시 필요할때만 인용
- 충분한 가치가 있는 중요한 문헌
- 최근 발표된 문헌
- 연구자의 명성이 아닌 연구내용을 인용
- 원저자의 의도를 벗어나지 않도록 함
- 계획에 따라 엄격히 관리된 근거수준이 높은 연구부터 인용
- 직접인용은 1차 정보원에 한함 (논문의 재인용은 피하는 것이 좋음)
- 출간되지 않은 연구나 초록은 좋지 않음
- 전문가 심사 (peer review) 학술지의 문헌이 가장 좋음

Jennifer Peat. 알면 쉬워지는 의학논문 작성법. 서울 : 군자출판사, 2012

인용원칙, 2

- 서론과 고찰에 인용을 많이 함 -> 포괄적인 인용보다는 구체적, 선택적으로 문헌을 인용하는 것이 좋음
- 참고문헌의 수는 20개-35개 (review) 정도
- 투고규정에 제한을 두는 학술지도 있음
- 학술지 투고규정에서 제시하는 참고문헌 표기양식에 따라 작성

참고문헌의 오류

- 논문의 질을 저하
- 논문을 참고하는 연구자들이 번역하고 인용하는 과정에서 실수를 영구화함
- 논문속의 잘못된 인용된 문헌이 존재하면 학술지 및 저자의 명성에 손상을 줌
- 참고문헌은 E-journal 시대 세상과의 소통 도구
- 책임 : 저자, 편집인



**참고문헌은
세상과의 소통도구**

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Korean Circulation Journal

Journal List > Korean Circ J > v.38(7); Jul 2008

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Korean Circ J. 2008 Jul;38(7):343-350.
 Published online 2008 July 31; doi: 10.4070/kcj.2008.38.7.343.
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Measurements of Arterial Stiffness: Methodological Aspects

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Abstract

A significant association between increased arterial stiffness and the development of cardiovascular disease has led to the increased use of arterial stiffness in the clinical assessment of cardiovascular disease. However, the different techniques that are in use have unique advantages for arterial stiffness measurement and reproducibility. Measurements of

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II. 검색 & 참고문헌작성

참고문헌 작성

- 참고문헌은 인용한 논문의 지적 권리 인정, 감사를 전하는 뜻, 윤리적 문제, 표절에 대한 방어
- 논문작성에 참고한 정보의 출처를 "참고문헌"에서 상세하고 정확하게 전달
- 투고규정(Guide for Authors) 준수
- 참고문헌의 정확성: PubMed, KoreaMed DB 활용(철회논문 확인 가능)
- 직접입력보다는 데이터베이스에서 서지사항을 copy 사용 -> text 파일활용, 오타를 줄임

참고문헌 작성

- 참고문헌에는 다양한 유형의 정보원이 존재
 - 학술지 > 단행본의 특정 Chapter > 회의자료
- 학위논문의 경우 학술지 발행여부를 확인하여 학술지로 인용
- 웹 자원: **실제로 획득한 년월일** 접속일을 정확히 기재 (Accessed 접속일자, Retrieved 접속일자 등으로 기재)
- 권, 호, 페이지가 결정되지 않은 경우의 E-Pub 문헌은 DOI 정보를 기재

Bibliography
Insert Field

Reference Types

Generic
 Author: Title: In: Secondary Author, ed^ eds], Subsidiary Author, trans], Secondary Title], Vol: Volume], Edition: ed], Place Published]:
 : Publisher; Year; Pages].

Audiovisual Material
 Title [Type]], Place Published]: Publisher; Year].

Book
 Author: Title: Vol: Volume], Edition: ed], Place Published]: Publisher; Year].

Book Section
 Author: Title: In: Editor, ed^ eds], Translator, trans], Book Title], Vol: Volume], Edition: ed], Place Published]: Publisher; Year; Pages].

Case
 Case Name], Reporter: Volume: Reporter Abbreviation First Page], Filed Date: (Court: Year: Decided)].

Computer Program
 Title: [computer program], Version: Version], Place Published]: Publisher; Year].

Conference Paper
 Author: Title: Type: presented at: Conference Name], Date, Year], Conference Location].

Conference Proceedings
 Author: Title: Paper presented at: Conference Name], Date, Year of Conference], Conference Location].

Edited Book
 Editor, ed^ eds: Title: Edition: ed], Place Published]: Publisher; Year], Series Editor, ed^ eds], Series Title]: No.: Volume].

Electronic Article
 Author: Title: Periodical: Title: Year], Volume] [Issue]: Pages], URL], Accessed: Date Accessed].

Electronic Book
 Author: Title: In: Editor, ed^ eds], Secondary Title], Vol: Volume], Edition: ed], Place Published]: Publisher; Year], URL], Accessed: Date
 Accessed].

Film or Broadcast
 Director: Title [Medium]], Distributor], Date Released, Year Released].

Journal Article
 Author: Title: Journal: Date: Year], Volume] [Issue]: Pages].

Manuscript
 Author: Title: a: Type of Work: Year], No.: Folio Number]: Pages], Located at: Collection Title], Place Published].

Newspaper Article
 Reporter: Title: Newspaper], Issue Date, Year], Section]: Pages].

Online Database
 Title: Publisher; Year], URL], Accessed: Date Accessed].

Patent
 Inventor: Inventor^ Inventors]: Assignee, assignee], Title: US: patent: Patent Number], Date, Year].

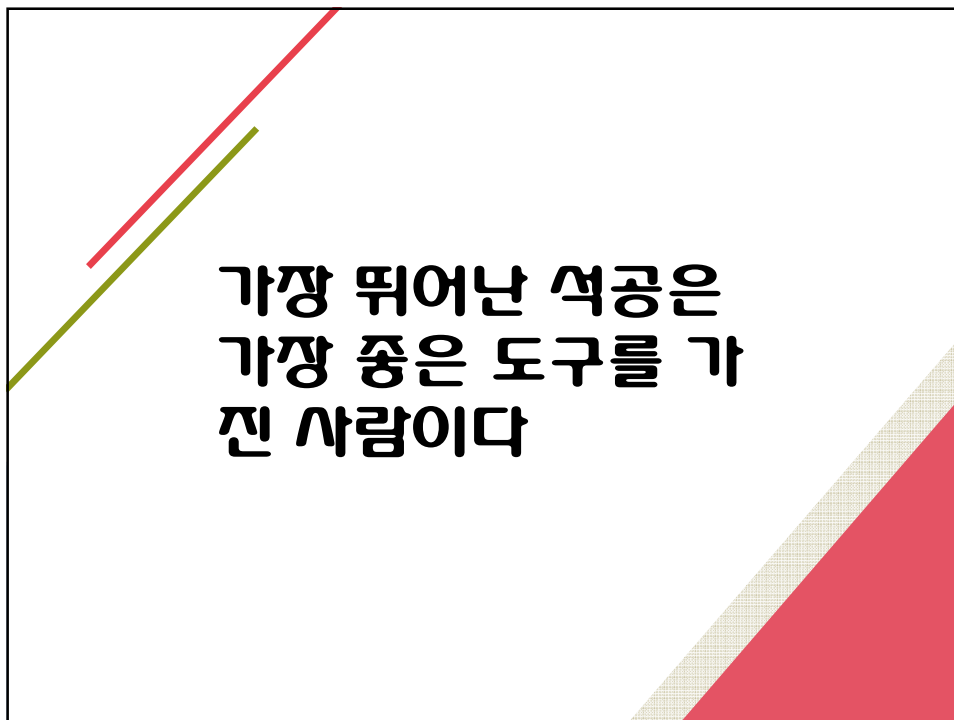
Report
 Author: Title: Place Published]: Institution], Date Year], Report Number].

Statute
 Name of Act, Statute Number Code], Sections (Year)].

Thesis
 Author: Title [Thesis Type]], Place Published]: Academic Department], University; Year].

Web Page
 Author: Title: Series: Title [Type of Medium], Year], Edition: Description: Available at: URL], Accessed: Access Date], Access Year].

**EndNote의 JAMA output style: 21
개 Reference Type 지원**



서지관리프로그램의 논문작성 지원 기능

- 본문에 인용 형식 출력
- 참고문헌에 학술지 형식 출력
- 다양한 학술지 style 지원 및 변경
- 인용편집
- References list 형식 변경
- 서지관리 도구로 작성된 워드파일에서 서지 데이터 반출
- 학술지 style 형식 편집

김대인,이수정. 연구자를 위한 서지관리 도구 사용법. 서울: 한국의학도서관협의회. 2013.

검색 & 참고문헌 작성

- 서지관리프로그램 활용
 - Endnote, Refworks, Zotero, Mendeley등을 활용한 워드 파일로 제출
- 학회 홈페이지내 Output style 활용
- http://www.kamje.or.kr/sub_page.php?sub_page=endnote_output-members
- 학회 Template 활용

PubMed 검색후 Endnote로 Reference 수집하기

The screenshot shows the PubMed website interface. At the top, there's a search bar with 'PubMed' selected and the search term '"Korean Circ J"[Journal]'. Below the search bar, there are options for 'RSS', 'Save search', and 'Advanced'. The main content area displays search results for 'Korean Circ J'. A 'Send to' dropdown menu is open, showing options like 'File', 'Clipboard', 'Collections', 'E-mail', 'Order', 'My Bibliography', and 'Citation manager'. The 'Citation manager' option is highlighted with a red box. The search results list three articles, each with its title, authors, journal name, volume, issue, and page numbers. The first article is 'Erratum: A Case of Myopathy, Encephalopathy, Lactate Episodes (MELAS) Syndrome with Intracardiac Thrombosis' by Joo JC, et al. The second is 'Hampton's Hump in a Patient with Severe Left Ventricular Biventricular Thrombosis' by Islam S, et al. The third is 'A Case of Unusual Visceral Heterotaxy Syndrome with Isolated Levocardia' by Jo DS, et al.

KoreaMed 검색후 Endnote로 Reference 수집하기

The screenshot shows the KoreaMed website interface. At the top, there's a search bar with 'KoreaMed' selected and the search term '"Toxicol Res" [JTI] AND 2013 [DPY]'. Below the search bar, there are buttons for 'Go', 'Clear', and 'Limits'. The main content area displays search results for 'KoreaMed'. An 'Import File' dialog box is open, showing a list of database providers and their associated journals. The 'KoreaMed' option is selected in the 'Import Option' dropdown. The search results list four articles, each with its title, authors, journal name, volume, issue, and page numbers. The first article is 'Mutagenicity Assay of Olmesartan Cilexetil by Bacterial Mutation Assay' by Kim JW, et al. The second is 'Investigation of Water Safety in...' by Ly SY, et al. The third is 'Development and...' by Kim TH, et al. The fourth is 'Anti-inflammatory Effect of...' by Ahn MY, et al.

Synapse 검색후 Reference 수집하기

The screenshot shows the Synapse journal website interface. The main article is titled "Cancer Statistics in Korea: Incidence, Mortality, Survival and Prevalence in 2010". The article details include authors (Kyu-Won Jung, MS, et al.), publication date (2013 Mar 31), and a DOI link. On the right side, there is a "Formats" menu with options: Abstract, Article, PubReader, PDF, Figures + Tables, and References. Below this, there are social media sharing options: Download Citation, E-mail, Twitter, and Facebook. A red box highlights the "Download Citation" option. An inset window shows the "Export Citation" dialog box with "File Format" set to "EndNote" and "Citation Format" set to "Citation".

RISS 검색후 Endnote로 Reference 수집하기

The screenshot shows the RISS (Research Information Service System) search results page. The search results for the article "호스피스 병동과 일반병동의 말기암환자의 간격" are displayed. A red box highlights the "내보내기" (Export) button. An inset window shows the "서지 정보 내보내기 (export)" dialog box with "내보내기 형태를 선택하세요" (Select export format) set to "EndNote" and "내보내기" (Export) selected. Another inset window shows the EndNote software interface with a list of references imported into the library.

ScienceDirect 검색후 Endnote로 Reference 수집하기

ScienceDirect.com - ACC Current Journal Review - Inflammation, Endothelial Cell Activation, and - W...

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1062145806011153

Export citation PDF (33 K) More options...

ACC Current Journal Review
Volume 14, Issue 12, December 2005, Pages 4

General cardiology
Inflammation, Endothelial Cell Activation, Microvascular Dysfunction in Women with Obstructive Coronary Artery Disease
O.C. Marroquin, K.E. Kip, S.R. Mulukutla, et al.
http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.accreview.2005.11.012, How to Cite or Link Using DOI

DB에 따라 Export 명칭은 조금씩 상이함
Ex) Download citation/Get citation/export citation/내보내기

"Google 학술검색" Endnote로 Reference 수집하기

Google 학술검색

1

2

3

시지관리 프로그램
EndNote
RefMan
RefWorks

CT Findings of Solitary Pulmonary Nodules less than 8 mm to Differentiate the Malignant and Benign

2013 - synapse.koreamed.org

Purpose We assessed CT features of the solitary pulmonary nodules (SPNs) smaller than 8 mm to evaluate the differences between the benign and malignant nodules. Materials and Methods The study included 113 patients (66 male, 47 female, age range: 33-79 years) ...

관련 학술자료 전체 5개의 버전 EndNote로 가져오기 더보기

Evaluation of F-18 fluorodeoxyglucose (FDG) PET scanning for pulmonary nodules less than 3 cm in diameter, with special reference to the CT images

H Nomori, K Watanabe, T Ohtsuka, T Naruke, ... - Lung cancer, 2004 - Elsevier

... However, the previous reports did not examine the CT findings of the nodules that showed false positive or false positive for FDG PET ... with solid images and ...

The screenshot shows the WorldCat website interface. At the top, the search results for "Harrison's principles of internal medicine" are displayed. A red box highlights the "인용새보내기" (Cite) button. Below this, a pop-up window titled "인용문 복사" (Copy Citation) is shown, listing various citation styles: APA (6th ed.), Chicago (Author-Date, 15th ed.), Harvard (18th ed.), MLA (7th ed.), and Turabian (6th ed.). Below the list, there are links for "인용문 내보내기" (Export Citation) and "참고사항" (Notes).

URL: <http://www.worldcat.org/>

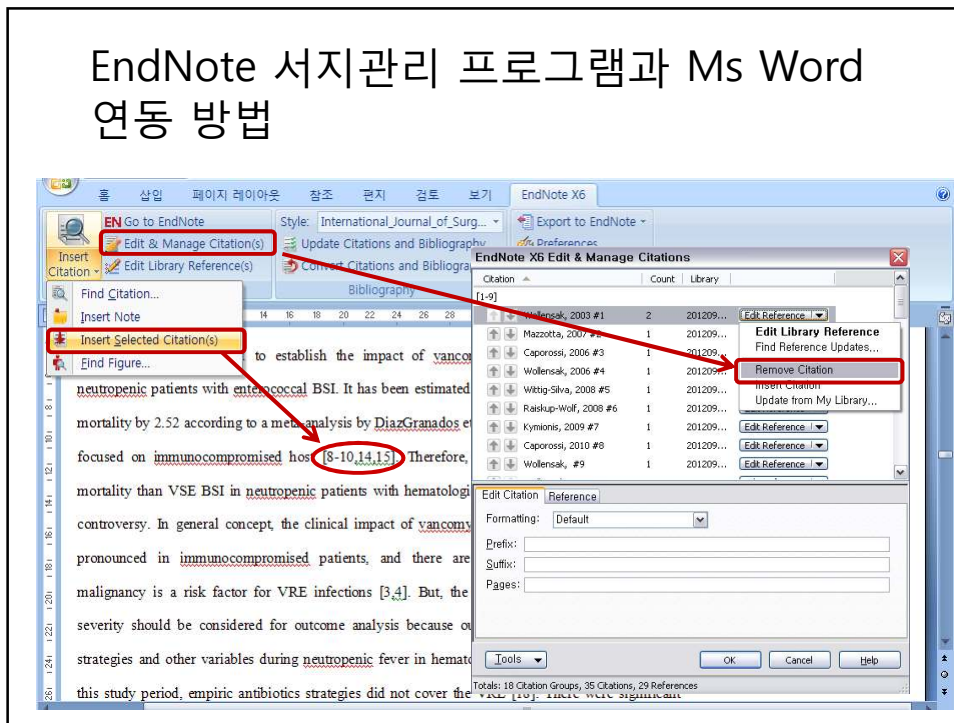
EndNote 서지관리 프로그램과 Ms Word 연동 방법

The screenshot shows the EndNote X6 software interface. The main window displays a list of references with columns for Author, Year, Rating, and Title. The following table represents the visible data in the screenshot:

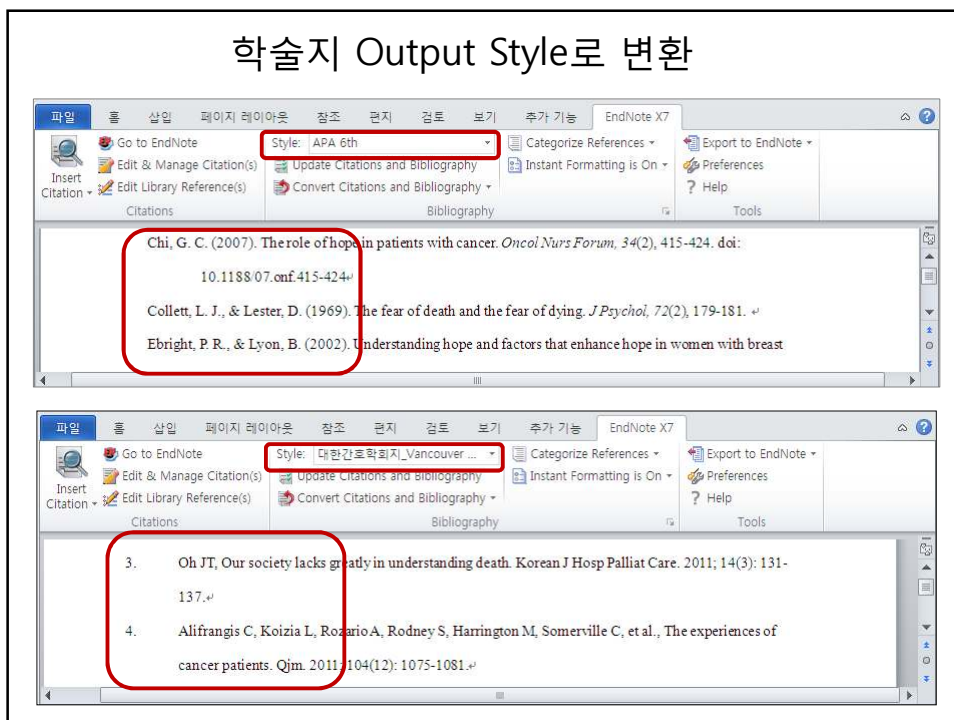
Author	Year	Rating	Title	Journal
Goodman, Lo...	1996		Goodman & Gilman's the pharmac...	
Wang, H. B.; ...	2012		A sensitive fluorescence strategy f...	Chem C
Singhai, R.; P...	2011		E-Cadherin as a diagnostic biomar...	N Am J
Saraswat-Oh...	2011		New insights into procathepsin ...	N Am J
Andren-Sand...	2011		Rare tumors in the pancreatic re...	N Am J
Liang, J. A.; ...	2012		A nationwide population-based c...	PLoS C
Sapari, N. S.; ...	2012		Clinical potential of DNA methylatio...	PLoS O
Du, J.; Nordfo...	2012		Human Papillomavirus (HPV) 16 E...	PLoS O
Lang, M. F.; ...	2012		Genome-Wide Profiling Identifye...	PLoS C
Esposito, D. ...	2012		The insulin receptor substrate 1...	PLoS C

The interface also shows a sidebar with navigation options like "My Library", "Online Search", and "Find Full Text". The bottom status bar indicates "Showing 145 of 145 references."

EndNote 서지관리 프로그램과 Ms Word 연동 방법



학술지 Output Style로 변환



회원 가입 안내
회원 학술지
발행 기관
학술지 제출 상황

Database Services
Koreamed
Synopsis

News & Events
* Synopsis 논문 링크드에서 PubMed과 PubMed Central의 해당 링크로 연결 **New**
* PubMed Central 통지: Infection & Chemotherapy **New**
* Synopsis: Figures와 Tables를 본문에서 언급한 문단 바로 뒤에 배열 **New**

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국내 의학학술지 평가기준
Uniform Requirements

Resources
출판공리 가이드라인
중복출판 사례집
KAMJE Publications
소식지/Workshop 자료

Resources for Editors
아이콘 모음

ENGLISH EDITION

KAMJE

KOREAN ASSOCIATION OF MEDICAL JOURNAL EDITORS

EndNote Output Styles

- 이 Output Styles는 연세대학교 의학도서관에서 만들어 제공됩니다.
- Output Style 파일은 C:\Program files\EndNote Version\Styles (Default)폴더에 저장하세요. Rename any files you have customized as the new versions will overwrite existing files. Once Zip file(s) is downloaded to your desktop, copy the file(s) to the appropriate folder in your EndNote program directory (usually located in Windows-C:\Program Files\EndNote\Styles or Mac OS X-Harddrive:Applications:EndNote-Styles).

KAMJE member journals | Other journals

(2013년 10월 15일, 147종 제공)

- Allergy, Asthma & Immunology Research Allergy Asthma Immunol Res (2011.08.12)
- Anatomy & Cell Biology Anat Cell Biol (2010.02.10)
- Anesthesia and Pain Medicine Anesth Pain Med
- Annals of Dermatology Ann Dermatol (2013.10.15, 아주대학교 의학문헌정보센터 제공)
- Annals of Laboratory Medicine Ann Lab Med (2009.09.30)
- Annals of Rehabilitation Medicine Ann Rehabil Med (2011.03.23)
- Archives of Aesthetic Plastic Surgery Arch Aesthetic Plast Surg (2008.04.15)
- Archives of Plastic Surgery Arch Plast Surg (2009.06.01)
- Asian Nursing Research Asian Nurs Res
- Asian Spine Journal Asian Spine J (2011.08.11)
- Brain & Neurorehabilitation Brain Neurorehabil

Batch Citation Matcher를 활용한 reference 수집하기

NCBI Batch Citation Matcher

Use the form below to retrieve PubMed PMIDs or PubMed Central IDs.

Enter your request in the text box below or upload a file. Please use the following input format:

`journal_title|year|volume|first_page|author_name|your_key`

Fields must be separated by a vertical bar with a final bar at the end of the string.

Select database: PubMed

Email / Help: sona@catholic.ac.kr

Citation Strings

```
Am J Health Syst Pharm|2001|58|1811|Banerji S |
J Toxicol Clin Toxicol|2010|39|1587|Deng JF |
Addiction|2001|96|1059|Hulse GK |
J Trauma|2012|312:00:00|13|Field CA |
Injury|2003|32|607|Graham CA |
Emerg Nurse|2004|10:00|26|May V |
Suicide Life Threat Behav|2005|31|342|Herron J |
Biofizika|2006|46|930|Kuleshova VP |
Arch Hig Rada Toksikol|2007|126|1159|Viertel A |
Arch Hig Rada Toksikol|2008|152|315|Prkacin I |
```

PubMed.gov

Search: 23833428 11590695 21171855[au]

Results: 3

- Pictorial essay: Vascular interventions in extra-cranial head and neck
Kulkarni SS, Shetty NS, Dharra TP, Polnaya AM.
Indian J Radiol Imaging. 2012 Oct;22(4):355-7. doi: 10.4103/0011-3026.111400.
PMID: 23833428 [PubMed] Free PMC Article
Related citations
- Survival after hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia, hypokalemia and cardiac arrest following mild hydrolytic acid burn
Wu ML, Deng JF, Fan JS.
Clin Toxicol (Phila). 2010 Nov;48(9):953-5. doi: 10.3109/15563600.2010.533076.
PMID: 21171855 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]
Related citations
- Abuse of Cocaine HBP cough & cold tablets: episodes recorded by a poison center.
Banerji S, Anderson IB.
Am J Health Syst Pharm. 2001 Oct 1;58(19):1811-4.
PMID: 11590695 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]
Related citations

`journal_title|year|volume|first_page|author_name|your_key`

PubMed 검색 후 text file로 저장

PubMed.gov
US National Library of Medicine
National Institutes of Health

PubMed | schizophrenia

RSS Save search Advanced

Show additional filters Display Settings: Summary, 20 per page, Sorted by Recently Added Send to: ☺

Format	Items per page	Sort by
<input type="radio"/> Summary	<input type="radio"/> 5	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Recently Added
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Summary (text)	<input type="radio"/> 10	<input type="radio"/> Pub Date
<input type="radio"/> Abstract	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 20	<input type="radio"/> First Author
<input type="radio"/> Abstract (text)	<input type="radio"/> 50	<input type="radio"/> Last Author
<input type="radio"/> MEDLINE	<input type="radio"/> 100	<input type="radio"/> Journal
<input type="radio"/> XML	<input type="radio"/> 200	<input type="radio"/> Title
<input type="radio"/> PMID List		<input type="radio"/> Relevance

Apply

<< First < Prev Page 100 of 5347 Next > Last >>

otic symptoms in schizophrenia.

es. 2013.07.035. Epub 2013 Aug 28.

Showing parameters of the hand as an index of schizophrenia--a preliminary study.

1982 Shamir EZ, Cassan SM, Levy A, Lifshitz T, Tarrasch R.
Psychiatry Res. 2013 Dec 30;210(3):716-20. doi: 10.1016/j.psychres.2013.08.026. Epub 2013 Aug 29.
PMID: 23992790 [PubMed - in process]
[Related citations](#)

Publication dates

5 years

10 years

Custom range...

Species

Humans

Other Animals

Clear all

Incentive motivation deficits in schizophrenia reflect effort computation impairments during cost-benefit decision-making.

1983: Fervaha G, Graff-Guerrero A, Zakzanis KK, Foussias G, Agid O, Remington G.
J Psychiatr Res. 2013 Nov;47(11):1590-6. doi: 10.1016/j.jpsychires.2013.08.003. Epub 2013 Aug 28.
PMID: 23992770 [PubMed - in process]
[Related citations](#)

An analysis of online health information on schizophrenia or related conditions: a cross-sectional survey.

1984: Athanasopoulou C, Hätönen H, Suni S, Lionis C, Griffiths KM, Välimäki M. An analysis of online health information on schizophrenia or related conditions: a cross-sectional survey. BMC Med Inform Decis Mak. 2013 Aug 30;13:98. doi: 10.1186/1472-6947-13-98. PubMed PMID: 23992448; PubMed Central PMCID: PMC3847364.

1981: Lee JS, Chun JW, Lee SH, Kang DI, Kim JJ. Association of impaired reality processing with psychotic symptoms in schizophrenia. Psychiatry Res. 2013 Dec 30;210(3):721-8. doi: 10.1016/j.psychres.2013.07.035. Epub 2013 Aug 28. PubMed PMID: 23992791.

1982: Shamir EZ, Cassan SM, Levy A, Lifshitz T, Tarrasch R. Biometric parameters of the hand as an index of schizophrenia--a preliminary study. Psychiatry Res. 2013 Dec 30;210(3):716-20. doi: 10.1016/j.psychres.2013.08.026. Epub 2013 Aug 29. PubMed PMID: 23992790.

1983: Fervaha G, Graff-Guerrero A, Zakzanis KK, Foussias G, Agid O, Remington G. Incentive motivation deficits in schizophrenia reflect effort computation impairments during cost-benefit decision-making. J Psychiatr Res. 2013 Nov;47(11):1590-6. doi: 10.1016/j.jpsychires.2013.08.003. Epub 2013 Aug 28. PubMed PMID: 23992770.

1984: Athanasopoulou C, Hätönen H, Suni S, Lionis C, Griffiths KM, Välimäki M. An analysis of online health information on schizophrenia or related conditions: a cross-sectional survey. BMC Med Inform Decis Mak. 2013 Aug 30;13:98. doi: 10.1186/1472-6947-13-98. PubMed PMID: 23992448; PubMed Central PMCID: PMC3847364.

1985: Suzuki Y, Sugai T, Fukui N, Watanabe J, Ono S, Tsuneyama N, Saito M, Someya T. High prevalence of underweight and undernutrition in Japanese inpatients with schizophrenia. Psychiatry Clin Neurosci. 2014 Jan;68(1):78-82. doi: 10.1111/pcn.12082. Epub 2013 Sep 2. PubMed PMID: 23992354.

1986: Li S, Huang Y. In Vivo Imaging of the Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 1 (mGluR1) with Positron Emission Tomography: Recent Advance and Perspective. Curr Med Chem. 2013;21(1):113-23. PubMed PMID: 23992339.

KoreaMed 검색 후 text file로 저장

KAMJE
KOREAN ASSOCIATION
OF MEDICAL
JOURNAL EDITION

KoreaMed

Search KoreaMed for schizophrenia [ALL] **Go** Clear Limits

Display Summary Save **Text** Check All uncheck All

Show: 20 Items 1-20 of 1064

- 1. The Development of Questionnaire for Relapse Assessment in Psychotic Disorder.
Park KJ, Cho UJ, Lee JS, Joo YH, Kim CY.
J Korean Neuropsychiatr Assoc. 2013 Nov;32(6):417-430. Korean.
- 2. Comparison of Clinical Characteristics between Patients with Early-Onset and Adult-Onset Schizophrenia : A Retrospective Study
Kim PS, Shan JH, Lee CH.
Korean J Biol Psychiatry. 2013 Nov;20(4):179-186. Korean.
- 3. Sex-Related Differences of EEG Coherences between Patients with Schizophrenia and Healthy Controls.
Jung HM, Lee YS, Kim S, Kim S, Jeong J, Oh JS, Lee S, Kim BJ, Chang JS.
Korean J Biol Psychiatry. 2013 Nov;20(4):166-178. Korean.
- 4. Attunement Disorder : A Disorder of Brain Connectivity.
Kim KW, Park KM, Jang HR, Lee YS, Park SC.
Korean J Biol Psychiatry. 2013 Nov;20(4):136-143. Korean.
- 5. Metformin for Treatment of Antipsychotic-Induced Amenorrhea in Female Schizophrenic Patients: Report of Two Cases.
Woo YS, Bahk WM.
Korean J Psychopharmacol. 2013 Oct;24(4):186-189. Korean.
- 6. Recent Trends of Antipsychotics Polypharmacy in Schizophrenia.
Chung JG, Park D, Kim CH.

Google 학술검색 후 text file로 저장

Google 검색 이미지 더보기...

Google Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit Moc

학술검색

학술자료
내 서재

모든 날짜
2015년부터
2014년부터
2011년부터
기간 설정...

관련도별 정렬
날짜별 정렬

전체 필문서
한국어 필

특허 포함
 서지정보 포함

[HTML] Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit Module Report: [HTML] (출처: koreamed.org)
Summary of Data from July 2011 through June 2012
MH Jeon, TH Kim, SR Kim, HK Chun, ...
Background This article reports annual intensive care unit module report: data
Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit (ICU) Module Report: Summary of Data from July 2010 through June 2012 - KoreaMed
인용 저장 저장된 페이지 숨기기
Korean nosocomial infections surveillance system summary from July 2010 through June 2012 - KoreaMed
MH Jeon, WB Park, SR Kim, HK Chun, ...
BACKGROUND: We present here the Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System (KNISS) summary of data from July 2011 through June 2012. METHODS: We performed a prospective study of 16 intensive care units (ICUs) in 37 hospitals.

인용
영식이 지정된 참고문헌을 복사하여 붙여넣거나 링크 중 하나를 사용하여 참고문헌 관리 프로그램으로 가져오세요

MLA Jeon, Min Hyok, et al. "Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit Module Report: Summary of Data from July 2011 through June 2012." *Korean Journal of Nosocomial Infection Control* 19.2 (2014): 52-63.

APA Jeon, M. H., Kim, T. H., Kim, S. R., Chun, H. K., Han, S. H., Bang, J. H., ... & Woo, J. H. (2014). Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit Module Report: Summary of Data from July 2011 through June 2012. *Korean Journal of Nosocomial Infection Control*, 19(2), 52-63.

ISB (ISO 690) JEON, Min Hyok, et al. Korean Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, Intensive Care Unit Module Report: Summary of Data from July 2011 through June 2012. *Korean Journal of Nosocomial Infection Control*, 2014, 19.2: 52-63.

BibTeX EndNote RefMan RefWorks

III. References Style에 따른 참고문헌 작성사례

Vancouver Style 중심으로

Vancouver Style vs APA Style

• APA Style	• Vancouver(NLM) Style
• 참고문헌: 저자의 알파벳 순	• 참고문헌 : 인용된 순서에 의해 번호를 부여
• 저널명: Full Name	• 저널명: 약어명
• 지면을 더 많이 차지함	• PubMed나 PubMed Central의 참고문헌을 그대로 가져다 쓸 수 있음->
• 저자가 인명이 아닌 경우 표기 어려움	• 저자의 수고를 덜어줌
• DB문헌 가공시에 시간과 인력 투자가 많이 필요	• 독자 : 번호 -> 참고문헌에 번호로 접근
• 독자: 저자명과 연도 -> 참고문헌 찾을	

Vancouver Style vs APA Style

- APA Style

... effect have emerged recently (Caumo, 2000). They have reported that lithium blocked apoptosis induced by low potassium c.....cerebella granule neuronal culture. Nonaka and Chuang (Nonaka, 2012) have ...

Caumo, W., Broenstrub, J. C., Fialho, L., Petry, S. M., Brathwait, O., Bandeira, D., et al. (2000). Risk factors for postoperative anxiety in children. *Acta Anaesthesiologica Scandinavica*, 44, 782-789.

저자명, ... 저자명, et al. (출판연도). 논문명. 학술지명, 권(호), 페이지.

- Vancouver Style

... effect have emerged recently (5-7). D'Mello et al. (5) have reported that lithium blocked apoptosis induced by potassium concentration in mature cerebella granule neuronal culture. Nonaka and Chuang (7) have ...

6) Caumo W, Broenstrub JC, Fialho L, Petry SMG, Brathwait O, Bandeira D. Risk factors for postoperative anxiety in children. *Acta Anaesthesiol Scand*. 2000;44:782-9.

저자 AA, ..., 저자 FF, et al. 논문명. 학술지명. 출판연도;권(호):페이지

본문의
인용주

참고문헌

Vancouver Style

- Vancouver Style = 생의학 학술지 투고 원고의 통일양식
- URM = Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals
- 1978년 종합의학학술지 편집인 몇 사람이 Vancouver에서 비공식 모임을 가짐
 - 학술지에 투고하는 원고의 형식과 지침 개발
 - NLM이 개발한 참고문헌 형식 포함하여 1979년 통일양식으로 출판
 - 최근 2010년 4월 개정



- Vancouver Group -> ICMJE(International Committee of Medical Journal Editors)로 발전
- 참고문헌의 기재양식은 NLM 데이터베이스가 채택하고 있는 미국국립표준청(ANSI: American National Standards Institute) 체제에 기초



Citing Medicine, 2nd edition

The NLM Style Guide for Authors, Editors, and Publishers

Karen Patras; Dan Wendling, Technical Editor.

National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health

Bethesda (MD): National Library of Medicine (US); 2007-

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Style Guide - [NLM's Citing Medicine, 2nd edition](#)

Citing Medicine provides assistance to authors in compiling lists of references for their publications, to editors in revising such lists, to publishers in setting reference standards for their authors and editors, and to librarians and others in formatting bibliographic citations.

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Created: October 10, 2007; Last Update: September 15, 2011.
 - [Chapter 3. Conference Publications \[PDF Version\]](#)
Created: October 10, 2007; Last Update: May 7, 2008.
 - [Chapter 4. Scientific and Technical Reports \[PDF Version\]](#)
Created: October 10, 2007; Last Update: September 15, 2011.
 - [Chapter 5. Dissertations and Theses \[PDF Version\]](#)
Created: October 10, 2007; Last Update: January 14, 2009.
 - [Chapter 6. Bibliographies \[PDF Version\]](#)
Created: October 10, 2007.
 - [Chapter 7. Patents \[PDF Version\]](#)

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7256/?redirect-on-error= HOME &depth=2>

1. 본문 인용주 작성 방법

인용주 작성 방법

- 괄호(), [] 또는 위첨자로 표시
- 동시에 여러 개의 번호가 들어갈 경우에는 ' '로 구분
- 연속된 번호의 참고문헌을 인용할 경우에는 '- '로 연결
- 하나의 참고문헌이 논문 내에 계속 인용될 때에는 같은 번호 사용

인용주 작성사례

trials in advanced NSCLC, improved response rates for one regimen over another failed to result in improved survival^(16,17), but disease control rate resulted in prolonged survival⁽¹⁸⁾. Furthermore, a pooled

PFS improvement in the population with an *EGFR* activating mutation (Table 1), but which had no OS benefit (LUX-Lung 3 has not yet reported OS)^(3,29-35).

- 인용위치: 본문에서 사고의 흐름을 자연스럽게 할 수 있는 위치에 제시
- 해당 본문이 끝나는 구두점 바로 앞에 인용주 표기
 - 연구자보다는 연구결과중심으로 인용하는 것을 권장, 한문단안에서 혼용하지 않음
 - 동양인명의 경우 성과 이름을 모두 기재
 - ex) 김미선과 김용환(2)은...

2. 참고문헌 작성방법

학술지 참고문헌 작성방법

1. 저자 - 6인까지 기재하고 'et al.' 기입.
- 영어인명 : '성과 이름(약자)'으로 기입.
- 한국인명 : '성 이름(처음자 대문자)'로 기입. (예 : 오상은 > Oh SE)
2. 논문명 - 인용부호를 사용하지 않고, 고유명사와 처음문자를 대문자로 기입
3. 학술지명 - 학술지 약어면으로 기재
4. 출판연도, 권(Volume) - ';'으로 구분
5. 호(No.) - ()로 기입
6. 페이지 - 처음과 마지막 페이지 기입

<참고>

▶ **APA Style** : 저자명, ... , 저자명, et al. (출판연도). 논문명. 학술지명, 권(호), 페이지.

Caumo, W., Broenstrub, J. C., Fialho, L., Petry, S. M., Brathwait, O., Bandeira, D., et al. (2000). Risk factors for postoperative anxiety in children. *Acta Anaesthesiologica Scandinavica*, 44, 782-789.

Caumo W, Broenstrub JC, Fialho L, Petry SMG, Brathwait O, Bandeira D, et al. Risk factors for postoperative anxiety in children. *Acta Anaesthesiol Scand*. 2000;44:782-9.

▶ **Vancouver Style** : 저자 AA, ... , 저자 FF, et al. 논문명. 학술지명. 출판연도;권(호):페이지.

학술지-저자명

1. 공동연구자간의 구분은 ','로, 논문제목과의 구분은 ':'로 기입
2. 공동연구자는 6인까지 기재하고 7인 이상은 'et al.'로 생략 (Ex 2.)
3. 성격을 달리하는 연구자는 ';'으로 구분 기입 (Ex 3.)
4. 저자가 없는 경우 논문명을 주 번호 다음에 바로 기입 (Ex 4.)

▶ Ex 1. 저자가 1인

Ku G. Learning to de-escalate: The effects of regret in escalation of commitment. *Organ Behav Hum Decis Process*. 2008;105(2):221-232.

▶ Ex 2. 저자가 6인 이상

Caumo W, Broenstrub JC, Fialho L, Petry SMG, Brathwait O, Bandeira D, et al. Risk factors for postoperative anxiety in children. *Acta Anaesthesiol Scand*. 2000;44:782-789.

학술지-저자명

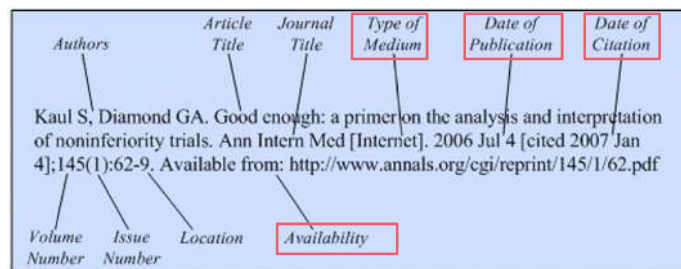
▶ Ex 3. 개인 저자와 단체 저자가 혼합

Orchard TJ, Temprosa M, Goldberg R, Haffner S, Ratner R, Marcovina S, Fowler S; Diabetes Prevention Program Research Group. The effect of metformin and intensive lifestyle intervention on the metabolic syndrome: the Diabetes Prevention Program randomized trial. *Ann Intern Med*. 2005 Apr 19;142(8):611-9.

▶ Ex 4. 저자가 없는 경우

Pelvic floor exercise can reduce stress incontinence. *Health News*. 2005 Apr;11(4):11.

▶ Ex 5. 학술지-웹자원



단행본- 참고문헌 작성방법

1. 단행본자료의 서지사항은 위치에 따라 다를 수 있음.
- 주나 참고문헌의 근거를 표제지로 함. 표제지에 없는 사항은 판권지나 기타 순.
2. 개인명 : 성 이름(약어)로 기재
3. 단체명 - 단체명만으로 식별되지 않을 때는 '상위단체명, 하위단체명'의 형식으로 기입
4. 저자명 - 6인은 '로 구분. 7인 이상은 생략 'et al.'
5. 도서명 - '서명:부서명'의 형식
6. 개정판의 판차 기재
7. 출판사항 - '출판지: 출판사; 출판연도'의 형식으로 기재

<참고>

▶ **APA Style** : 저자(출판연도). 서명(판). 출판도시: 출판사 이름

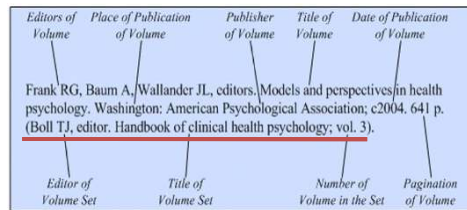
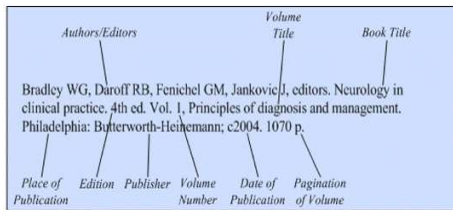
Nunnally, J., & Bernstein, I. (1994). *Psychometric theory* (3rd ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill Inc.

Nunnally J, Bernstein I. *Psychometric theory*. 3rd ed. New York: McGraw-Hill Inc; 1994

▶ **Vancouver Style** : 저자 AA,... ,저자 FF, et al. 도서명. 판차. 출판지:출판사; 출판연도.

단행본 - 참고문헌 작성방법,2

- 서명의 첫글자나 고유명사를 제외하고는 소문자로 표기
- 동양서의 경우 []안에 영문서명으로 표기
- 서명과 부서명의 구분은 콜론(:)

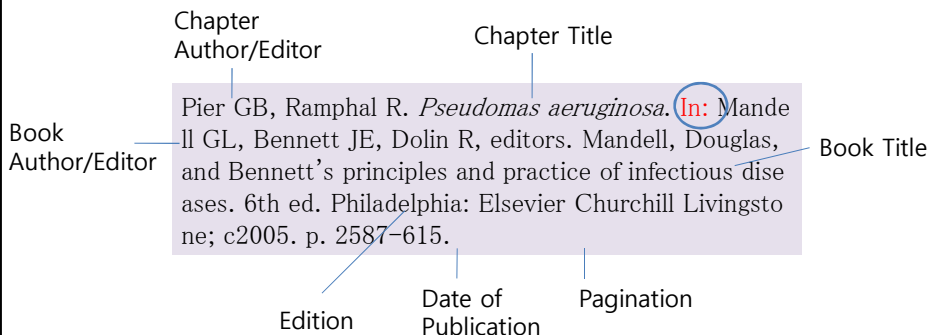


<여러 volume으로 발행되면서 각 Volumes마다 별도의 서명이 있고 **편저자가 같은 경우**>

<여러 volume으로 발행되면서 각 Volumes마다 별도의 서명이 있고 **편저자가 다른 경우**>

단행본 - 참고문헌 작성방법,3

Contributed chapter in a book with an edition statement



참고사이트

저널의 약어명 확인 :

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nlmcatalog/journals>

http://www.kamje.or.kr/sub_page.php?sub_page=Abbreviations

NLM style : Citing Medicine, 2nd ed.

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7256/?redirect-on-error=HOME&depth=2>

대한의학학술지 투고규정 모음

http://www.kamje.or.kr/sub_page.php?sub_page=link_authorinfo1